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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal asperisions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

The *Post*, in referring to the above, on the 29th of August, was pleased to say

"We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and heady politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic."

DR. J. EDWARDS TURNER was chiefly instrumental in building the Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton, N. Y. It is a house of large proportions and constructed in the most substantial manner. The financial concerns of the establishment were managed singularly. While it was professedly a public institution, receiving aid from the State, and revenues from licenses for the sale of liquors, it was nevertheless largely in the hands of Dr. TURNER, who conducted its affairs about as he pleased, rendering critical account to nobody for moneys received or disbursed. The insurance policies on the property were taken in his own name. Some two of three years ago one of the wings was burnt down, and a large amount of money obtained from different insurance companies. It was afterwards reported and believed that Dr. TURNER, and his assistant, Dr. THOMAS G. GARDNER, set the premises on fire, for the purpose of recovering upon the policies. It is affirmed that respectable persons employed about the house, overheard the whole plot talked over and arranged between these two individuals. The wing was afterwards rebuilt, but serious conjectures have been entertained as to the application of all the moneys realized from the insurance companies. These reports and surmises assumed such consistency that the two doctors were not only displaced from their positions in the Asylum, but were indicted for arson, in setting fire to the building. Yesterday the telegraph announced that their trial had commenced. The case has excited great interest at Binghamton for a considerable period, and doubtless the facts will now be disclosed.

THE President among his cronies, swaggers of his determination to resist by force all movements on the part of Congress for his impeachment. A considerable number of the Democratic journals applaud what they are pleased to denominate his pluck, and urge him to remain steadfast to his avowed purpose.

Now, the right of impeachment is clearly embodied in the Constitution. It is given to Congress in terms too plain to admit of controversy. No power conferred by that instrument is more definite and unmistakable.

Congress is absolute and exclusive judge as to when and for what the President shall be impeached and deposed. For him to threaten resistance is no better or more sensible than for any common offender to vociferate what terrible things he will do in case the the proper grand jury shall find a bill of indictment against him, and the traverse jury shall find him guilty.

We never heard that a vulgar culprit stayed the due course of proceedings against him by this sort of bluster. We suspect that some have in this way quickened proceedings against themselves, which might otherwise have been tardy. Both the President and his friends will find, after a brief season, that neither the Republican members of Congress nor the loyal constituencies behind them can be frightened by threats or by attempts to put any scheme of violence whatever into execution.

IN LOUISIANA a considerable portion of the registered white voters abstained from taking part in the recent election. Hence, some of the conservative organs insist that the Constitutional Convention will represent only the colored element. Those organs understand very little of the theory of free government or of practice under it. The legal voters of a State, in law and in fact, represent the entire population. A majority of the votes actually polled really represent the total sovereignty of the State. This was true while Slavery existed, and all blacks were excluded from participation in government; and it is true now, while some of the whites are excluded for offences against the laws, and other whites exclude themselves through chronic discontent, mortified pride or latent conspiracy.

SPOTTED TAIL, the Indian chief who is a friend to the whites, had an only daughter, who died a year ago from exposure incident to savage life. Before death she asked her father to have her grave made with the whites. He carried her corpse a long distance, and it lies buried at Fort Laramie. Col. Maynadier, commander of the Fort, says the chief would never have confided the remains of his child to the care of any one but those with whom he intended to be friends always.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE, in a letter to Lucy Stone, says:

"Be free to say from me that I think there will be no end to the good that will come by woman's suffrage, on the elected, on elections, on government, and on woman herself. I have said this in public and private for many years. I am glad that an effort is making in Kansas to accomplish it, and I shall rejoice when the elective franchise shall be as free to women as it is now to men. I think, too, that this will be at no distant day."

IT IS CERTAINLY NATURAL that Mr. Seward and his set, after having used President Johnson, should drop him; but we do not consider it important whether they go for Mr. Chase or any body else. The genuine Republicans can and will make and elect a Presidential candidate without their help.

IN New York last week the banks contracted their line of discounts by the large sum of two and a half millions of dollars, to meet the diminution of legal tender notes held by them.

RAILWAY CAPITAL IN ENGLAND.

The growth of the capital invested in railways in the United Kingdom has experienced a very great increase during the last fifteen years. In 1852, this capital stood at £264,165,672, while in 1865 it reached to £445,478,148, or in dollars, at five dollars to the pound sterling, $2,227,390,715. The railway revenue of the kingdom displays the same tendency to increase, for, in 1852, it amounted to only £15,710,554, against $35,751,655 in 1866. Great Britain has some 14,000 miles of railway constructed, against about 36,000 miles in the United States. But it is a noticeable feature that foreign railways are now built very much cheaper than they were some years since.

THE Democrats never will become reconciled to General Sheridan and his marches. They did not like him or his ways in the Valley of the Shenandoah. When he was about Richmond they were in bad humor with all he did. At New Orleans he gave them great offence. Now, his progress through the North, and the receptions accorded him by masses of his fellow-citizens, fill them with the greatest indignation. Well; Sheridan can afford to let them growl; for he has won a place in the hearts of all loyal men, and in the history of the country, for all time, which may well content the highest and best ambition.

PROF. HALLIER reports to the British Privy Council that in all cases in which he has examined the intestines of persons who had died of cholera he has found adhering to them a vegetable fungus similar to, if not identical with, a parasite peculiar to rice. He believes this explains the origin of cholera in rice countries. The first name by which the cholera was known to English physicians was "the rice disease," and as long ago as 1833 Dr. Tyler claimed that it was occasioned or kept up in India by eating of unsound rice.

IT SEEMS GARIBALDI did not miscalculate the sentiments of the people of Italy, and that King Victor Emanuel, notwithstanding his rigid observance of treaty stipulations, has failed to satisfy the Emperor Napoleon. If a war shall issue from these complications there is a fair prospect that it will become general.

The dispatches from Italy are meagre and unsatisfactory, doubtless because the government prevents the disclosure of the whole truth.

A PRIVATE letter from New Orleans to a friend in Detroit, dated Sept. 24th, says that there were then *over eight thousand* down with the yellow fever. On September 22d, there were 102 deaths; on the 23d, 113, and on the 24th 112. All the clerks in the Postoffice were sick or dead but three. The streets were deserted, the stores closed and nearly everybody that could get away had fled from the city.

JUDGE BREWSTER, of Philadelphia, has decided that the law passed by the Legislature in 1866, requiring the payment of both a State and a County tax as a condition precedent to voting is unconstitutional. Of course it is. The language of the Constitution is, that to be a voter a citizen shall have paid, within two years preceding, a State *or* county tax. Nothing can be plainer.

THE canvass in Ohio is the most spirited one that has occurred since 1840. Every section of the State, except the Western Reserve, seems to be literally on fire. The counties of the Reserve will tarnish their well-earned renown if they do not bestir according to the magnitude of the occasion.

THE democracy are troubled about the war debt and taxes. How would they like Stephens's plan of confiscating the property of the men who forced the war upon us? and so lighten the taxes of those who were compelled to fight it out?

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS are at Washington invoking Presidential aid to enable them to defeat Mr. Williams. All the aid he can give, or they get, will not suffice to meet their wishes.

THE *World* styles the late Nashville troubles "Brownlow's Rebellion." It seems to resemble Washington's Rebellion in being right and successful.

—It is said that a wedding ceremony recently performed in London, according to the ritualistic forms, occupied three hours. This is longer than the honeymoon sometimes lasts. Taking the chances of connubial bliss into account, it is likely to be generally considered a consumption of more time than it is safe to risk.

—A young man in Southwestern Missouri has committed suicide in a manner to excite the envy of a Parisian. He put himself at an angle of a "Virginia rail fence," and using an axe-helve as a lever he raised the fence, put his head under it, and caused his neck to be broken by the falling weight of fence timber.

—Among the lecturers for the forthcoming season at Cincinnati are Rev. Dr. Storrs, Brooklyn; Rev. Dr. Fulton, Boston; Right Rev. Bishop Clark, of R. I.; Prof. E. L. Youmans, Theodore Tilton, Fred Douglass, H. M. Shaw (Josh Billings), Hon. Henry Wilson, Hon. Horace Greeley, John B. Gough.

—Two pretty nieces of the late General Phillip Kearney are about to marry the Hon. Messrs. Wellesley and Fane, gentlemen of the English aristocracy. Each of the young ladies, besides owning immense estates in New Jersey, is worth $500,000 a year in her own right.

—Secretary Seward has purchased several hundred acres of land near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

—Commissioner Rollins has written a letter to a gentleman in New York, stating that by law of Congress all affidavits are relieved from stamp duty.

—A dispatch from Charleston states that U. S. Marshal Goodloe will soon resume the execution of the process, of the U. S. Court stayed by General Sickles' Order No. 10, and that General Canby had instructed the Post Commandant at Wilmington not to interfere with the attempt.

—The New York *Times'* Washington special says the President's position on reconstruction is plainly stated in the advice he gives Southerners pardoned under the recent amnesty proclamation. He tells them he cannot re-open negotiation without running the risk of impeachment. He also states that the proclamation of amnesty, if properly managed, would result in disrupting the Republican party, as if the Courts decide, as he thinks they should, that those pardoned were restored to full citizenship, and if the leaders of that party insist upon a refusal to register them, the people will flock to the support of the Judiciary. He advises all aggrieved to appeal to the courts for satisfaction.

Conscription Alarm in Havana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—A Havana letter says: In Regla, a port of Havana, a registry is being taken of young men from sixteen to twenty years of age, these being the ages between which conscription for the army is taken. Considerable alarm was occasioned thereby.

Memphis and Yellow Fever Reports.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, October 3.—All reports about yellow fever raging here are entirely groundless; there have been but few cases, which were brought here from New Orleans. There was a slight frost here Tuesday night.

Mound Destroyed by Fire.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, October 3.—A dispatch from Gorham, N. H., reports that it was the new hotel at Glen Cottage, not the Glen House, that was totally destroyed by fire last night.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, October 3.—The river is slowly falling, with twenty-six inches in the canal.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

STARTLING RUMORS!

The Revolt in Italy Serious.

GOVERNMENT REFUSES THE POPE ASSISTANCE.

Apprehensions Concerning the Relations between Italy and France.

THE PARAGUAYAN WAR.

Fenian Prisoners for Australia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

THE REBELLION OUT—POPE ASKING AID.

FLORENCE, October 2.—The rebels have taken Aquapendente. The Pope's soldiers ask aid of Italy. Troops were denied. The revolt is serious. Embroglio between Italy and France serious.

FURTHER REPORTS.

LONDON, October 2—*Midnight.*—Reports from Italy are startling. A dispatch from Florence late this evening says the outbreak at Vitrebo is not quelled. The small town of Quapendente, in Orvito, has been captured by the insurgents, who now have full possession of all the roads leading to it. The commander of the forces of the Pope has asked the Italian government for instant assistance. Italy refuses to furnish any soldiers. There is no longer room for doubt that the revolt is serious. There are alarming apprehensions of the interruption of friendly relations between Italy and France.

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES SILENT—REVOLT IN VITERBO.

FLORENCE, October 2.—The official dispatches published to-day are silent in regard to Rome, but confirm the reports that a revolt had broken out in the papal Province of Viterbo.

ENGLAND.

FENIANS TO BE SENT TO AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Many Fenian convicts, who have hitherto been confined in English and Irish jails, have been placed on board transports for Australia to serve out terms of sentence.

MASONIC REUNION.

LONDON, October 3.—The members of the Masonic order last night gave a grand dinner at Gravesend, to the officers of Farragut's flagship, the Franklin, now lying off that port.

PRUSSIA.

MARITIME PRIVILEGES IN THE BALTIC.

BERLIN, October 2.—One hundred deputies in the North German Parliament, this evening, signed a formal protest against any infringement or disturbance of the long established maritime privileges of those German States which border on the Baltic Sea.

HAMBURG AND THE ZOLVEREIN.

BERLIN, October 3.—The city of Hamburg refuses to join the Zolverein.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE PARAGUAYAN WAR—SOUNDS DEFINITE.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—Later advices from South America are received. They give no definite intelligence as to the result of the recent bombardment of the Paraguayan fortifications, but state that the Brazilian and Argentine fleets were laying inactive off Humaita, and the land forces of the allied powers are making no preparations for further movement.

HUNGARY.

ROSSUTH AND RUSSIAN INTRIGUES.

PESTH, October 2.—The newspapers of this city publish letters and other documents to prove that Louis Kossuth was engaged in the intrigues with agents of the Russian Government in 1849.

SPAIN.

NEW CAPTAIN GENERAL OF CUBA.

MADRID, October 3.—General Lersundi has received the commission of Captain General of Cuba, and will immediately sail for Havana.

ARRIVED OUT.

LONDON, October 2.—The steamer Atlanta, from New York, has arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 3.—Cotton opened rather quiet; estimate sales 10,000 bales; middling Uplands 9⅞; Orleans 9¾. Breadstuffs quiet; opened quiet. Corn 42s 6d. Wheat 14s 6d for California white, and 13s 9d for Milwaukee red. Barley 5s 11d. Oats 3s 6d. Peas 40s. Provisions.—Beef 103s. Pork 71s. Bacon 45s. Lard 53s 9d. Cheese 53s. Petroleum is for spirits, and 13½d for refined.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—*Noon.*—Markets unchanged.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—2 P. M.—Consols steady, at 94 5-16. American securities heavy, and declining under the advances in New York. 5-20s 71⅝; Illinois Central 76⅜; Erie 41½; Atlantic and Great Western 24.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 3.—2 P. M.—Cotton inactive and quotations unchanged. Breadstuffs—no changes. Provisions—beef quiet. Pork 157s 6d. Bacon advanced to 44s 6d, and Lard to 54s.

ANTWERP, October 2—*Evening.*—Petroleum is firmer, with sales of standard white at 55 francs per 100 kilogrammes.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 3, 1867.

SHERIDAN'S RECEPTION FOR LADIES.

About three hundred ladies were presented to General Sheridan to-day. At the close of the reception the General left for Newport.

AMERICAN BIBLE UNION.

At the meetings of the American Bible Union, held yesterday and to-day, the old officers were re-elected. The receipts for the year were $56,127; expenditures, $54,732; Bibles received, 963,196; put in quarter-yearlies, 176,209. The discussions were quite interesting.

SHIP ON FIRE—STOCK DROWNED.

The bark Eliza Barcus took fire last night. She was considerably damaged and scuttled. A considerable number of cattle and sheep were drowned. The vessel is owned in Bermuda and was to sail to-day with a cargo valued at $45,000.

PATERSON RACES.

In the hurdle race, General Williams beat Blackbird and Sweetbriar. For the sweepstakes, two miles. Virgil beat Morrissey by half an length. Time 3:48½. The nursery stakes were won by Mr. Reed's colt, beating Sanford's Buck three lengths. Time 1:52½; distance one mile. Clement won the Consolation purse, mile heats, (Arabal, (second) and St. Patrick, in 1:54, 1:53½.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

Thomas Maguire, one of the proprietors of the Jamaica troupe of jugglers, was fatally beaten last night by two men, who tried to rob him of $4,000, but failed. One of them was arrested.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN JERSEY.

Two cars were thrown from the track on the New Jersey Railroad, in Jersey City, to-day, by a mail bag, which caught on a wheel, causing considerable damage to the cars and road, but nobody was injured.

PACIFIC RAILROAD ELECTION.

The election of Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad was postponed until to-morrow. Harmony is believed to be restored.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.

The Republican State Committee are holding a session in the Metropolitan Hotel, in this city, concerting measures for the campaign.

PHILADELPHIA.

Raid by Revenue Inspectors Repulsed—Irish Whisky Element Triumphant.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—The Revenue Inspectors made a raid on the unlicensed whisky stills in the northern part of the city, on Saturday last, and were driven off by people of the vicinity. To-day they made another raid, with an increased force, but fared worse than on Saturday, having several of their party badly wounded with bricks and pistol shots. They seized several stills, and were taking them off in the cars, when a large crowd of men and women attacked them, recovered the copper vessels, and drove off the officers. Deputy U. S. Marshal Schuyler received six serious wounds. Thomas Lance, one of the rioters, was shot in the head. The affair occurred near Fort Richmond, which is mostly inhabited by the lowest class of Irish.

Deputy Marshal Schuyler had his pistol taken from him. His wounds are not serious, though he was severely beaten about the head and arms. Deputy Marshal Gordon acted with great bravery, when the rioters charged upon the furniture cars loaded with distillery apparatus, and drove the crowd back several times. Worms, stills and other materials were carried off by the rioters, and hidden in different parts of the Distillery District. It was impossible for the officers to find the whereabouts of the stills.

The city police force appeared upon the ground and escorted the revenue officers to cars running into the city. The revenue officers did the best they could under the circumstances, but the force was too small and the raid badly timed, as it was between twelve and one o'clock, and coal crackers and Irish from the coal wharves were all at home and ready for the officials.

NEW YORK STATE.

Democratic State Convention—Speech by Mayor Hoffman—Tammany and Mozart Hall Wing—Speech by Gov. Seymour.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, October 3.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order by Samuel J. Tilden, who nominated Mayor Hoffman, of New York, as temporary President, which motion was carried amidst cheers.

Mayor Hoffman made a speech, claiming a Democratic victory in November, denouncing the radical party and negro suffrage, controverting the views of Senator Conklin in the Republican Convention, assailing the registry law as unfair to adopted citizens, and denouncing the excise law as odious, oppressive and unjust. In regard to the National debt he said the Democratic party would pay every dollar, in the spirit as well as letter of the bond, but it could only be paid when the government passed into the hands of an economical party, and when the present enormous burden of taxation was reduced.

A resolution was adopted that the Tammany organization is the regular one of the party, and giving seats to its delegates. Another resolution, recognizing the Mozart Hall party as sound Democrats, and giving its delegates honorary seats, was adopted, with an amendment including the German delegation.

The usual committees were appointed.

At the afternoon session Horatio Seymour was chosen permanent President. In his speech on taking the chair, Governor Seymour said:

"We cannot, if we would, escape from confronting the problems of the day. Neither safety, honor nor patriotism will suffer us to stand dumb or inactive in the dark hour of danger. We have put down rebellion by arms, and are struggling with revolution. The first was local, the last is universal. The first sought to divide our country, the last threatens to destroy it."

Mr. Seymour alluded to the charges against the President and to the charges against the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives. Even the Senate has pursued the policy of revolutionary intensity. Republicans are inflicting suicidal blows against its own existence. Colorado to-day balances four millions of Republican ballots. Nebraska was admitted merely to gain two votes in the struggle with the Executive. That Senate is to-day composed of twenty Senators are to be admitted from ten States lately in rebellion, not as representatives of white people, more of the blacks, but because they have given to Wade Hampton, one of the Senators, and are sent to Washington by their agents. If this revolution is begun in the Senate, what guarantee have we that it will not roll on the necks of the majority of the American people and stop there, but numbers must be counted in the next presidential ought or slam states. We implore the Senators not to begin a revolution. Be content with your own powers. Our country, though it is at war with imparital suffrage and impartial representation. If you continue your usurpation, the country may not be content with driving you back within Constitutional limits. It may go further, and upon doctrines you assert, it may crush you out and muster another Senate, based in truth upon manhood suffrage, for the people of Kansas, but if you will have revolution, it can proceed. If any chalk lines you may mark out. New York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Tennessee, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Ohio, Iowa, Minnesota and Michigan, with a majority of the people in each of them, are now virtually disfranchised in your body, and are now controlled by the representatives of a quarter of our population, for our government is to be restored, will have first to fall.

Governor Seymour devoted much of his speech to the financial question. He opposed a policy of repudiation, but that of reports of the Secretary of the Treasury showed a swiftly to pile out debt if our incomes were derived to the purposes. It is said it is repudiation to force our legal tender upon the bond holders. What name is it to pay the principal in coin and Build that up, make your paper as good as gold, and the question cannot come up. He appealed to the Democracy to see that there are struggling, to keep faith, not to add threefold to these burdens by upholding a party which, as in the days of Adam and Rogers society, corrupts our Government and oppresses labor.

After speaking to the immense amount drawn from the people in tax on alcohol, one hundred and fifty millions of which is corrupting influence, which among officers of law, and violators of law, he said, give us back our commerce, lessen the taxation of the Northern States, by protection and our mechanics, raise the price of our securities, give us back our Union. Let us unite, if we differ in opinion, for an honest opinion, for an honest management of public affairs. Above all, let us do battle for the sacred rights, for freedom and may God defend the right.

A Committee on Resolutions was appointed, after which Hon. Asa. J. Parker and Oakey Hall, addressed the Convention, which adjourned till to-morrow.

SAINT LOUIS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

The Laclede Course Races—Death of a Congressman.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 3.—Three races took place on the Laclede course this afternoon, and excited a good deal of interest. The first event was a mile dash for two year olds, free for all, for two hundred dollars. It was won by John Davis' Lexington filly, over A. C. Franklin's filly, by Bill Cheatham, in 1:51. The second event was mile heats, free for all, the first for a premium of $200, and the second for $100. The entries were: Franklin's Stella, Davis' Little Lexington, Forde's Blackie, Alexander's Jonesboro, and Swinney's Colonel gelding by Matt Davis, all of which started. Jonesboro was the favorite by large odds. The first heat was taken by Jonesboro by a length, Gwynne second, Stella third, Colonel gelding fourth, Blackie distanced; time, 1:48¾. The second and third heats were won by Gwynne, beating Jonesboro by a length by a neck, and Shaw's gelding in the latter by two lengths, the latter horse winning the second prize. In the last heat Jonesboro was several lengths ahead of the track to the stables.

The third race, two mile heats, free for all, to rule, premium $700, was competed for by Lewis Ellis' Lizzie Ellis, Bell's Lizzie Bell, McKay's grey horse by Enquirer, they being the only entries. The race was won by Lizzie Ellis, in two straight heats, under strong pull, in 3:42¾ and 3:43¾.

Patterson, trainer for Johnson & Douglass, was killed off the track to-day by a kicking conduct towards the officers of the Association.

Thomas E. Noell, member of Congress from the Third District of this State, died here this morning, after a long illness.

A light rain fell here this evening, the first that has fallen for several weeks.

CALIFORNIA.

Tannery and Wool Dressing Establishment Burned—Hawaiian Advices—Suicide of a Merchant—Deplorable State of Affairs in Arizona.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, October 3.—The extensive tannery and wool dressing establishment of Sedgley & Davis was destroyed by fire last night. Loss about $100,000.

Further Hawaiian advices state that the King opened the Legislative Assembly in person on the 21st inst. The treaty was ratified September 16th by a nearly unanimous vote.

Wm. Hall Wingate, a prominent merchant of San Francisco, committed suicide to-day.

The San Francisco Insurance Company has declared a quarterly dividend of four and a half per cent.

Flour is firm at $5,90@7, and Oregon at $6,50. Wheat is firm at $2,30@2,40 for choice. Legal Tenders, 70½.

Arizona, Sept. 18.—A memorial to Congress was adopted by a Territorial Convention to-day. It petitions for the protection of the Government against the Indians. It states the startling fact that no white man can travel a road or foot path in the Territory in safe for travel; not even villages near military camps are secure. Unless speedy assistance is rendered, they will have to abandon the territory. It asks Congress to authorize the Governor to raise a regiment of volunteers in the Territory in the service of the United States, till the Indians are subdued.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Reciprocity Treaty Passed by the Honolulu Legislature—The Annexation Movement.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, October 2.—Dates from Honolulu state that the reciprocity treaty passed the Honolulu Legislature on the 20th of September, by a vote of thirty-four to five. The bill was immediately signed by His Majesty the King.

The Times' special says the movement in the Sandwich Islands for annexation to the United States was so strong that the King was obliged to ratify the reciprocity treaty to allay the excitement.

HONOLULU, Sept. 11, via SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—The reciprocity treaty between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands passed the Hawaiian Legislature on the 20 of September, and was immediately signed and approved by the King.

ALABAMA.

Results of the Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, October 3.—Returns of two days have been received from fifteen counties. The number of registered voters is 61,400, and the number of votes polled 34,300, being 3,600 more than the required majority.

MOBILE, October 3.—There were no deaths from yellow fever to-day.

The total vote of Mobile county is 4,663, of which one hundred and twelve are whites, and nearly all for the Convention.

OIL REGIONS.

Large Republican Meeting at Petroleum Center.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PETROLEUM CENTER, Pa., October 3.—There is now a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting going on here in the open air. Delegations are present from all parts of the oil regions, with torches and bands of music. A number of well known speakers are present.

NEW ORLEANS.

Yellow Fever Interments—Howard Association Aiding Eight Hundred Families.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—The yellow fever interments for twenty-four hours ending this morning, were fifty-six. The Howard Association is now rendering assistance to eight hundred families, averaging three cases of fever to each.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Removal of the Remains of the Assassination Conspirators.

CONCERNING BOOTH'S BODY.

Conscience Stricken Patriot.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, October 3, 1867.

COTTON CROP ESTIMATE.

The Statistical Bureau estimates the cotton crop of Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida at 939,933 bales.

LANDS TO PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Bonds and liens for lands have been issued to the Union Pacific Railroad, on the thirteenth section of thirty-five miles, which completes the road four hundred and fifty-five miles from Omaha.

ARMY ORDERS.

Brevet Brigadier General Forsyth, Major of the Tenth Cavalry, has been detached from duty as Acting Assistant Inspector of the Fifth Military District, and ordered to report to the commanding General of the Department of the Missouri. Brevet Major General Wm. Hoffman, Colonel of the Third Infantry, with headquarters of that regiment, will take the post at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri.

The following officers have been mustered out of the volunteer service: First Lieutenant C. S. Taylor, Brevet Major Wm. F. Brown, Brevet Lieutenant Colonel A. McIlvaine.

DUTIES OF THE EXECUTED CONSPIRATORS REMOVED—THE REMAINS OF BOOTH.

On Tuesday, in accordance with an order received at Washington Arsenal by General Ramsay, commandant at the post, from General Grant, Secretary of War, the bodies of the assassination conspirators, and of Henry Wirz, were disinterred from where they were removed from their graves and re-interred in another portion of the grounds. This removal was rendered necessary by the projected improvements of the arsenal grounds. The body of J. Wilkes Booth was buried in what was known as the ware room of the Penitentiary building. It was enclosed in an ammunition box. The grave was filled up with dirt the brick flooring was replaced. The burial having been accomplished, the window was ordered to be closed up again. Between the laboring man and the manufacturer of the Republican party, as their common interest was to advance the interests of that party and protect the government. He would say one word in reward to the Republican party in this State. There was one or two men on the ticket that he did not like, but he would say to his hearers that if they would vote for a man on the ticket to scratch him, but be sure and get a better man on his place. Where would they find him? He did not think they could find such a man on the copperhead ticket.

Judge Williams, a few years ago, was a poor farmer's boy in Connecticut, and is a self made man. He came to this State and taught school until he had attained his profession. He read law with Judge Lowry, who, although a democrat would not support Henry W. Williams was the best Judge in the State of Pennsylvania, and he wanted to see him promoted. After making further remarks commendatory of Judge Williams, the speaker closed by introducing

Col. ERRETT.

Col. Errett said the great question to be decided by the people was the question of right and wrong. Should the party who supported the government during the late rebellion be trampled, or should the party who by every act and deed during the war labored for the overthrow of the government, be allowed to battle for the right? He would not speak any further on the labor question, as the men who were present were not members of that party—they were all with the Republican party. He was satisfied there were no Democrats present. He would ask them there it would be necessary to have something to mix with the water. The Temperance lodge is dead. Nearly of them were honest men, and their measures were generally honest; but they were deceived. Now, the Temperance lodge is dead, and all fail. He was in favor of the protection of labor, and wanted no better party than the Republican party to battle for the right cause. He wanted no better party than that termed the "mudsill party" by the aristocrats of the South. If the first time to get up these local issues. He referred to the Temperance ticket. There was no man on that ticket who could not, in the second resolution, it was not competent in the Presbytery to pass upon it, inasmuch as it prohibited a change in the constitution of the church. He did not think there should always be a discrimination made between a law of God and a law of the State.

The Rev. Geo. Scott, D. D., was opposed to the paper in toto. It opened too wide a door. If it was adopted, they would soon be asked to rescind all laws relating to sixteen cents, occasional hearing, &c. &c. To effect a thorough reform at the next session of Parliament, they would have to look to the people. He would call in "passive toleration." He would exercise "passive toleration" towards those who had violated the law.

Dr. Douglas did not believe in "toleration." He did not ask toleration from any man for the work he was doing. The word toleration sounded strangely in a Republic. If it is right to sing human composition to the worship of God, no court of Christ dare prohibit it; if wrong, no court of Christ dare exercise "passive toleration." Presbytery was the director general, and knew no law, no power, because it was predicated on the action of the last meeting of the Supreme Judicatory of the church. Presbytery could not interfere in the matter under discussion. Synod virtually declared that discretion might be exercised in the fundamental. Presbytery cannot go far astray or run much risk in making a formal declaration of a similar character. Synod had not been asked to sanction any change that had not been made constructively by the action of Synod, and notoriously by the conduct of many of its leaders and members. He only asked that they be consistent.

Followed by Dr. Scott and seconded by Rev. Thos. Johnston, that the further consideration of the matter be indefinitely postponed. Rev. Thomas Johnston was carried by a majority. Dr. Douglas gave notice that he would protest and appeal to synod should the matter might be definitely settled. Presbytery then adjourned.

THOMAS M. MARSHALL, ESQ.

He had hoped to meet a large number of the men here who had identified themselves with the Workingmen's party, as he wanted to talk to them quietly, honestly and sincerely. They all remembered how he had stood up for the private soldier in the days of the rebellion, who went out to battle without the prefix of General to his name, to fight for the protection of his own and the country's property. He was pained to hear that any of the men who were with him at that time had left the Republican party, and connected themselves with the Labor Party. He would not speak any further on the labor question, as the men who were present were not members of that party—they were all with the Republican party. He was satisfied there were no Democrats present. He would ask them there it would be necessary to have something to mix with the water. The Temperance lodge is dead. Nearly of them were honest men, and their measures were generally honest; but they were deceived. Now, the Temperance lodge is dead, and all fail. He was in favor of the protection of labor, and wanted no better party than the Republican party to battle for the right cause. He wanted no better party than that termed the "mudsill party" by the aristocrats of the South. If the first time to get up these local issues. He referred to the Temperance ticket. There was no man on that ticket who could not, in the second resolution, it was not competent in the Presbytery to pass upon it, inasmuch as it prohibited a change in the constitution of the church. He did not think there should always be a discrimination made between a law of God and a law of the State.

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BUFFALO, N. Y.

Arrest of a Husband for Abortion.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, October 3.—Mr. P. M. Doyle, of New York, whose wife died here recently, has been held for trial, it appearing that her death resulted from convulsions, caused by abortion.

CUBA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, Oct. 3.—Sugar active, sales of over 7,000 boxes at 9 reals for numbers 11½ to 12; Hams 16@17.

Yellow Fever at Tortugas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KEY WEST, October 3.—The yellow fever is rapidly diminishing at Tortugas. Only 5 fresh cases are reported. Lieutenant Gordon was buried on the 28th ult. Lieut. Sebriskie is recovering.

RHODE ISLAND.

Military Demonstration—Banquet—Cuban Fake.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, Rhode Island, Oct. 3.—The ancient and honorable Artillery Company of Boston, Major General Banks commanding, and the Newburyport Veteran Artillery Association, visited here to-day, and had

...bourgh Gazette

...DAY, OCTOBER 4, 1867.

...ON REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY WARREN WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

SENATE:

RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson Tp.

ASSEMBLY:

GEORGE WILSON, Oakland.
WILLIAM R. FORD, City.
ALEXANDER M'LEAR, McKeesport.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Reserve Tp.
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, Allegheny.
DAVID L. SMITH, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY:

JACOB H. WALTER, City.

TREASURER:

Maj. J. F. DENNISTON, Liberty Tp.

COMMISSIONER:

A. PILLOW, Tarentum.

CORONER:

WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:

R. H. DAVIS, Sewickley.

JURY COMMISSIONER:

CHARLES PUGH, Manchester.

THE PEOPLE ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE RIVER.

Once upon a time a farmer, of Dauphin county, Pa., took his son Jake a sight seeing. Jake had been a good boy, was eighteen, had never been from home, had grown fast while his pantaloons, of striped tow cloth, had remained in *statu quo*, leaving Jake's ankles, like his feet, minus a covering. Their destination was a grist mill, on the eastern bank of the Susquehanna. Arriving there, the father went to attend to the grist, while Jake looked about. Descrying something moving on the western bank of the stream, he looked eagerly, to assure himself of the nature of the creatures, then rushing to find his father called aloud,

"Daddy! Daddy! Daddy!" Running to meet him the father called "What is it, Jake?"

"Oh Daddy!" shrieked the astonished youth, 'there's people on the other side of the river!"

Oh, those people on the other side of the river! Whom have they not astonished? Hitherto the Susquehanna, that boundary line between the Anthracite and Bituminous coal strata of the continent had been the western boundary of Jake's world; and no wonder he was surprised to see people in another world. HENRY CLAY could listen to the tramp of the coming millions, on a lonely mountain top; WASHINGTON could see a great city in a tangled forest; but did even they dream of the people on the other side of the river, stretching their iron arms and granite cities away, away to the Pacific?

Well, in due course of time some of Jake's people moved on, to the side of another river, far, far away from the world in which Jake lived and loved and labored and died, all in good time; and here they built a town and called it Pittsburgh. By and by they wanted a street; and somewhere in the annals it is written that Market street would have been twenty feet wider, but for six rows of corn which grew on the front end of somebody's lot. The owner of the ground wanted a street, a good, wide street; and did not object to giving his portion of the ground; but corn was an object, and to be taxed six whole rows for the public benefit was a little farther than his public spirit extended. The street was laid out; and the corn was saved; and can any one imagine a larger crop of discontent raised from one bushel of seed corn?

After another while some visionary proposed to build a bridge across the Allegheny river. Did not the oldest inhabitant have a good laugh then? and his wife, did she not shiver? There were panthers on the other side of the river. They could not swim across, but might they not walk over on a bridge? A bridge! ha! ha! ha! laughed the knowing ones. Did your bridge builders expect to persuade them that the moon was made of green cheese? When they saw a bridge across the Allegheny they should be willing to believe in the possibility of all impossible things; but the people on the other side of the river, Jake's people, did make a board walk and roofed it in clear across; and soon there were people, and no panthers, on the other side of that river.

When Jake's people made the water works and put the basin on Grant's Hill, Jake's descendants—whom we shall call J. D's—were shocked at the increase of taxation; and set themselves, might and main, against the extravagance and expenditure; but had they built the first basin far out beyond the second it would have been a wise economy. When the new Court House and Postoffice were built, the J. D's. opened their eyes and mouths in wonder, and protested against putting them "away up out of the reach of the business portion of the city." Every improvement, every extension, every advance of these restless people who persist in getting over to the other side of the river, has brought fresh bursts of surprise and disapproval from the good people who, like their great representative, Jake, bound their world by the next river.

Twenty years hence the present opposition to Consolidation will be remembered as that to the bridge, water-works, location of the public buildings, &c., now is. No class of our people are so deeply interested in the growth of our city as those owning property in its immediate vicinity. No class can be so much benefitted, pecuniarily, as those owning land in the outskirts. Every one of them would like to have the city come out to his house. To gain this he would give considerable, a few hundred dollars' worth of land, and the service of his team in grading, but not those six rows of corn, not yet ready for harvest! Why, there will be two full bushels of ears upon them. Corn is corn, even if it does not appear, bodily, in "The Corn Exchange," and the careful proprietor is bound to preserve his crop. Does not the man who votes against converting his field into city lots, for fear of city taxation, act in the spirit of the man who saved his bushel of corn at the cost of making Market street an alley? No great city can be built without ground on which to build it. If one great city is not preferable to a cluster of villages the Indians are in advance of us; and to be a great city there must be a great ground plan. Who does not know that a house built piece-meal, without any original design, is always a hodge-podge, and how much more a city? It would be almost impossible to prevent the congregation, on the ten miles square having the Court House for its centre, of two millions of people in a century; and unless the people who are here now lay out a ground plan there must be almost inextricable confusion. Every man who owns a few acres lays it out in lots. The plan of one seldom has reference to that of another. John Smith's main street is as likely as not, to terminate, abruptly, at the back of Jimmy Brown's barn. Then, there is a general disposition to save the corn and narrow the streets. Each man appears impelled by a *laudable* ambition to increase the depth of his lots by taking in a strip from the highway, and the prospect is that in some of our thoroughfares folks will be able to shake hands across, from the fourth story windows, and that some future NAPOLEON may feel called upon to demolish and rebuild the city. Let us have one general and generous plan, and cheerfully bear the necessary expense of laying the foundation of a great city, for the benefit of our children, and children's children, just as we would build them a house or plant them an orchard. We lavished our millions to preserve them a united government. If a cluster of independent corporations is better, why not let each State carry on business on her own account? If in union there is strength, the union of those corporations would certainly enable us to make a city which would invite strangers to select it as a home, add to the comfort of the present inhabitants, and to the value of every acre of land embraced in the limits.

BOOK NOTICES.

LIFE OF JOSIAH QUINCY. By his son, Edmund Quincy. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. Pittsburgh: For sale by Henry Miner.

Towards the close of the last century the genius of Mr. Quincy brought him into deserved distinction throughout New England. In 1808 he was elected to Congress from Massachusetts, and served for several years with great usefulness to the country and honor to himself. Before the birth of most of the men now living he retired from political life. For a considerable period he was President of Harvard University. He died in 1864, at the ripe age of 93 years.

He was possessed of a vigorous intellect, gifted with unusual eloquence, fitted out with the best training of his times, enjoyed a wide popularity and exerted a large measure of influence upon public affairs. Before his death his name had become a faint tradition, lingering only in the minds of aged politicians, or surviving in the recollections of students of political history. This illustrates the common fate of public men; even that of most of the able ones among them. As a traveler stands at a suitable distance from a range of mountains multitudinous peaks stand out before him in distinct individuality of outline and coloring. As he recedes peak after peak disappears, until only here and there one maintains its identity, and these few are so enveloped in clouds that they seem rather as dim specters than as solid and enduring features in nature. So with public characters. As a near observer looks over the country long lines of men appear, each considerable in gifts, opportunities and achievements. A quarter of century later, he who looks back sees a grand outline of events, but most of the actors in events have sunk below recognition. After a century or two only here and there a name survives, except in the minds of those who devote themselves to the minute study of history.

The younger Quincy, however, has done well in writing this biography. It brings into review some passages in the progress of this country which deserve special consideration at the present time; and, nowise inferior to his father in gifts and accomplishments, he has performed, what was doubtless a labor of love, in good taste and with commendable industry; the first of which qualities are rarely displayed under like circumstances.

KATHRINA: Her Life and Mine, in a Poem. By J. G. Holland, Author of "Bitter-Sweet." New York: Published by Charles Scribner & Co. For sale by Davis, Clark & Co., 93 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Dr. Holland attained considerable notoriety by the publication of "Bitter-Sweet" several years ago. And though it passed through a severe ordeal by the literary world, in which its defects were presented and criticised, the poem was well received generally, and it has had a wide circulation, and deservedly so.

The publication of a new poem of such length, awakens expectations that will subject the author to criticism of the sharpest kind. Kathrina makes a volume of nearly three hundred pages, and consists of between five and six thousand lines. Its form is much like an autobiography, with two other characters closely connected, the mother, and the wife (Kathrina) of the first person. Portions of the poem would indicate a real life-story, especially the first part, but the sequel reads more like fiction. It opens with "children and youth," detailing home-life and rambles about his native Northampton, studies preparatory to entering college, and while at Amherst. Then follows a "complaint," that darkens the picture, and in the estimation of many, mars the beauty and symmetry of the poem. Waking from the spirit of "complaint," his spirit is aroused by a love affair, result ing in marriage. Part third is then devoted to married life, under the head of "Labor," into which the subject's literary efforts and successes are delicately woven. The whole closes by the slow stages of consumption wasting away the mortal life of the loved Kathrina, he death causing a transformation of the husband from an impious faith to the spirit of a child to accept Christ. Here and there the author shows his peculiar views on theological questions, that does not savor of the most evangelical type, though in a mild form, compared with passages in "Bitter-Sweet." Despite the reference to the sad deaths of the subjects' parents, the poem tingles with passages of singular beauty, and word painting of the most exquisite kind. It is sprightly throughout, and the descriptions of scenes and landscapes are charming. The enterprising publishers have brought out the work in fine style, both as it regards paper, type and binding. The book will doubtless have a wide sale.

SILCOTES OF SILCOTME. By Henry Kingsley, author of "Geoffry Hamlyn," "Ravenshoe," etc. Paper, pp. 138. Boston: Ticknor and Fields. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

The clear, bright type, white paper and nicely cut edges of this pamphlet recommends itself to buyers irrespective of the matter. The writings, however, of Henry Kingsley are so well known, that the mere announcement of the publication of his works ought to be sufficient. To the readers of the sprightly readable "Once a Week," in which installments of the work have appeared for some weeks, words of commendation to such are unnecessary. The style is charming, piquant and excit'ng.

ELSIE'S MARRIED LIFE. By Mrs. MacKenzie Daniel, author of "My Sister Minnie," "The Poor Cousin," "Keeping the Whirlwind," etc. Philadelphia: T. B Peterson and Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

The publishers are enabled from advanced proof sheets to issue this work simultaneously with its publication in Europe. The author gives in this tale of domestic life, evidence of her rare ability in presenting the varied phases of life in the domestic circle. The style is racy and entertaining to the readers of light literature.

THE REBELLION RECORD. New York: D. Van Ostrand. Pittsburgh: For sale by Henry Minor.

This is the LXVII part, and contains portraits of Major Generals M. C. Meigs and Thos. J. Rodman.

ROBERT JOY'S VICTORY; or Life Battle Lost and Won. By the author of "Christian Manliness," "Christian Home Life," etc., etc.

BLIND JOHN NETHERWAY. From the Religious Tract Society, London.

JESSICA'S MOTHER. By the author Jessica's First Prayer. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

These volumes comprise part of "The Sunday School series of Juvenile Religious Works," from the publishing house of Henry Hoyt, No. 9 Cornhill street, Boston. For years this widely known establishment has been issuing books for Sunday School libraries, and for the youth of our families. The healthy, religious, and moral character of these three volumes are such as to commend them to schools and families with safety. And they are quite free from sectarian prejudices, like other volumes of the series, which is in part the cause of the wide circulation of these publications among different denominations.

Robert Joy's Victory contains lessons of instruction and entertainment for youths, that will help them very materially in moulding their characters for the responsible duties of manhood. The sentiments inculcated, too, cannot fail to do good, and strengthen their desire to lead a virtuous and religious life. The brief story of *Blind John Netherway* is couched in beautiful language, and in winning style, and the hero of the volume enlists the sympathy of the reader, who is almost imperceptibly carried along through its pages to the end. The bare mention of the author of "Jessica's First Prayer," is sufficient warrant that *Jessica's Mother* is a charming story. Brief as it is, something over one hundred pages, it contains valuable thoughts, in tender words, much that will make the reader better and wiser by its perusal.

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHER, Philadelphia, announce the publication at an early day of several interesting works, among which are Col. Forney's excellent Letters from Europe; Leyton Hall, and other tales by Mark Lemon, editor of "London Punch;" Gemma, by Trollope; Harem Life in Constantinople; Etc.

CHARLES SCRIBNER & Co., New York, will publish, this Autumn, several valuable books, namely: Paulding's Bulls and Jonathan; The Art of English Composition, by Prof. Day; The Art of Discourse; Beecher's Prayers; Queens of American Society, by Mrs. Eliet; Language and the Study of Languages; Froude's Short Studies on Great Subjects; Old Roman World, and History of the Church of God during the Period of Revelation. Other popular and standard works will appear at the close of the year, which we may hereafter announce.

MINER'S PITTSBURGH ALMANAC, on a new and improved plan for the year of our Lord 1868, calculated and edited by Sanford C. Hill, Esq., East Liverpool, Ohio, is just out from the press. Mr. Miner, one of our large and enterprising booksellers and periodical dealers, has had this annual (No. 10) prepared with unusual care, to keep pace with the progressive wants of the age in this department. Besides the matter pertaining to the almanac proper, about half of its pages are brim full of valuable information and short readable articles. An immense edition is being printed to meet the expected demand for this useful publication.

NEW PUBLICATIONS, ETC.

HARPER & BROTHERS are constantly giving evidence of their progressiveness in the trade. By their immense resources they were enabled from advanced sheets of Victoria's book, to print, bind and publish that work, one week from the day that the early sheets reached New York. In the October number of Harper's Monthly, one of the most interesting numbers issued, they announce the early publication of "Harper's Bazaar: A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction." It is to appear weekly, 16 folio pages, of the size of Harper's Weekly, printed on superfine calendered paper, at ten cents per single number, or four dollars per year. It is needless to add that no expense will be spared to make it all they announce in the prospectus.

"Smiles Huguenots," Strickland's Queen of England," "Barnes' Evidence of Christianity," "Mace's Fairy Book," are in press and nearly ready. "Harper's Hand-Book for Travellers in Europe and the East," recently appeared. Although we have not seen it, we take occasion to repeat the words of a clergyman to us, who had just returned from Europe, and had a former edition of this Guide with him, that it answers all the purposes for which it was prepared, and it is an admirable work for travellers, and convenient to carry with you.

RAILROAD ITEMS.

—Iowa now has twelve hundred and twenty miles of railroad completed and in running order, which has cost in construction the sum of $47,490,000.

—The Galena *Gazette* says the Illinois Central Railroad has leased the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad for forty years. The Central Railroad is to proceed and finish the road to Sioux City.

—The New York Central traffic in September will show a handsome gain on $1,480,029 in September, 1866, one of the heaviest months of that year. The gain reported for the first three weeks is $91,000.

—The following item, in reference to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, is from the Bellefonte *Watchman*. "We are gratified to announce that the project of completing the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, has not been and will not be abandoned by its projectors. In fact the men who have been to all the expenes, that has been incurred in locating the route for that road and in procuring its charter, give the most solemn assurances, that work on it will be commenced by the 1st of June, 1868. Mr. Henry, the English capitalist, is now in New York, making preparations to have the whole route completed in the shortest time possible, and Judge Barrett, who conversed with him on the 18th of September, tells us that there is no doubt at all, but the enterprise will be carried out at once. We only hope that there may be no more delay about the matter."

PURE LIQUORS.

Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors,	Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
For medicinal purposes.	
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy,	Port Wine,
Sherry Wine,	Madeira Wine,
Sherry Wine,	Madeira Wine,
Catawba Wine,	Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine,	Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,	
Pure Jamaica Rum.	
Pure Rye Whisky,	Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Rye Whisky,	Pure Rye Whisky,

AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
oct7:6

A DANGEROUS SEASON.

An almost unparalleled quantity of rain has fallen during the summer. Vegetation has been wonderfully thick and rank, and, as it decays, an unusual amount of sickness may be expected unless proper means are taken to prevent it.

Fever and ague and bilious remittents already prevail to an alarming extent, and as the Fall advances and the marvelous night fogs become heavier, the sick list is likely to increase both in the extent and the count ry. It is, therefore, only an act of common prudence to keep the vital forces in full vigor, so that they may resist the unhealthy influences of the season. Re-inforced by the basic operation of DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the system, however weak and susceptible, naturally will, in nine cases out of ten, secure complete exemption from the miasmatic poison by which epidemics are produced. During the months of September, October and November, the difference in temperature between day and night is very great, and the chilling dews and mists of the autumn are the principal cause of indigestion, cholera morbus, diarrhœa and dysentery, prevailing this month. Remember, also, that the BITTERS not only invigorate the stomach and brace the nerves, but act especially upon the bowels and liver, thus imparting to those important organs regularity and tone. It is not, therefore, surprising that from prevalent complaints if no precautions are taken to escape them.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS are at once pleasant to the taste, and the most certain of all safeguards against febrific influences.

BLIND EVEN RESTORED.

The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christian Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on DR. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his genius and skill in restoring her TO ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been nearly blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any objects so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable, as hundreds of cases like hers are doomed to never-ending darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under DOCTOR KEYSER'S treatment for two months, and before she applied to him through her brother, Simon P. Fisher, slight hopes were entertained of her ever getting her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the facts above stated.

CHRISTINA FISHER.
SIMON P. FISHER, (Brother,)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor Avenue, Allegheny.
ESTHER MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

DR. KEYSER'S OFFICE and CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 116 PENN STREET, corner of Evans alley

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. KINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, No. 54 FIFTH street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

PROFESSOR CARPENTER'S DANCING ACADEMY,

PHILO HALL, 70 THIRD STREET, now open for the reception of Pupils. Days of Tuition—Ladies' and Misses' Class, Tuesday and Friday Evenings, at 7 o'clock. Ladies', Misses and Masters'—Wednesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from October 1st. Soiree every Thursday evening at 9 o'clock. oct3:16

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA., (Late Pittsburgh Trust Company,)
Pittsburgh, October 1st, 1867.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of TEN PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government taxes.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
oct2:17

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE,

NO. 484 PENN STREET.

Also, 135 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
sept7:178

GOLDEN PALM SOAP.

Two gross of this celebrated Toilet Soap; also, La—'s and Colgate's Honey and Glycerine Soap Tablets, just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
oct7 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, No. 19 Irwin street.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 3d, 1867.

DIVIDEND No. 4.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a

MONTHLY DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.,

Payable on and after the 15th inst., at this office.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst., inclusive.

WILLIAM RUSSELL,
oct4:3t Secretary and Treasurer.

JAMES GLENN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Grain, Mill Feed and Bated Hay.

61 WATER AND 64 FIRST STS.,
oct7 PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAUTION.

WILLIAM RUDEL, our Bookkeeper, was dismissed from our employ on the 1st inst. ult. and we caution all persons not to pay him any money on our account, as we will not acknowledge any of his transactions after that date.

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
272 and 274 Wood street.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 2, 1867. oc4

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 2, 1867.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

FOR THE PAVING OF WOOD STREET, FROM WATER TO FIFTH, and FIFTH STREET FROM MARKET TO SMITHFIELD STREET, WITH NICOLSON PAVEMENT, will be received AT THIS OFFICE, West Market Building, UNTIL MONDAY, OCT. 7TH, 1867.

Specifications can be seen at this office.

H. J. HOOBE,
oct4 City Engineer.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, October 2d, 1867.

NOTICE.—The assessment for construction of Public Sewer on Virgin alley, from Liberty street to Cherry alley, has been placed in this office for collection, and must be paid within thirty days from this date, without further notice, to save costs.

S. ALLENDER,
Oct:2:26 City Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA WHITE LEAD WORKS.

Having rebuilt and enlarged the above named Works, we are now prepared to supply

Strictly Pure White Lead,

PROMPTLY, IN QUANTITY.

FAHNESTOCK, HASLETT & SCHWARTZ.
oct4:13

OPENED THIS DAY.

The new "Favorite" Skirt;
Colored Velvet Ribbons;
Jet Sets, Pins and Ear Drops;

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

oct 10 FIFTH STREET.

VELVET SACQUES,

Cloth Sacques,
Brocha Shawls,
Cashmere Shawls,
Wool Shawls,

A large assortment for sale by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.
oct

GREAT OPENING,

OF

MILLINERY GOODS.

ON MONDAY, October 7th, 1867,

AT

AFFELDER & CO.'S,

Importers,

No. 54 Market Street,

Of the latest Parisian styles of HATS, and all kinds of VELVET RIBBONS and FLOWERS. We ask an examination of this, our first and largest stock ever opened in this city, and our salesroom is the one prices cannot be excelled by Eastern houses, either in wholesale or retail.

AFFELDER & CO., 54 Market St.
oct4:2

GOLD WATCH STOLEN.

$25 Reward.

STOLEN, FROM THE HOUSE of the subscriber, in North Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa., Tuesday, the 24th of September, 1867, A GOLD WATCH, hunting case, stamped Hazards Pat., with gold chain attached. The chain was composed of small rings, and had both hook and T on the end of it. On the inner case was the following inscription, viz: H. McLaughlin. Long Swine. No. 1. On the line on the inner case were the letters "C. H. C." varnished with a pin. The above reward will be paid for any information that will lead to its recovery.

GEO. DICKSON,
oct1:6t&d&T Noblestown P. O.

NEW GOODS!

BLANKETS, SHAWLS,
CASSIMERES, FLANNELS,
DRESS GOODS.

Also, a full assortment of NOTIONS, PAPER COLLARS, NECK TIES SUSPENDERS, &c., &c.

Selling at low prices, at

EUWER & LONG'S,

No. 61 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Four doors East of the Diamond.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND

Half Spanish Segars,

Just received on consignment, will be sold as low as

Eight Dollars Per Thousand.

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of SMITHFIELD & WATER Sts.
oct15

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

MR. C. W. ROBINSON is associated with me in the manufacture of Glassware, to date from 1st inst. The business will be conducted under the style of

BEST & ROBINSON,

At the corner of Third and Try streets, where all orders will receive prompt attention and be executed with dispatch.

JOHN BEST.
Pittsburgh Sept. 25th, 1867. oct7:197

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

J. T. WRAY & BROS.,

SUCCESSORS TO M. CONNOLLY,

STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,

29 and 31 *Brown Street,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.
oct8:18

HOPE SPICE MILLS.

R. R. RIDHART.....C. A. STEVENS.

RIDHART & STEVENS,

Successors to J. D. DRAVO, manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of SPICES, AND GROUND FOOD, Nos. 142 and 144 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh. Pearl Barley, Oat Meal and Farina Meal always on hand. Roasting done to order promptly. Wagon will call for Roastings and deliver same day. oct:18:NWF

EVENING CLASS FOR DRAWING.

An Evening Class will be opened on the 7th of October, at the School of Design, Phelan's building, 58 Fifth street, for Lithographers, Engravers, Artizans, Mechanics, and all shoregentlemen and ladies who need instruction in E. S. MATHEWS.

TYLER & ROBINSON,
(Successors to JAMES CHARLES,)
MANUFACTURERS OF

LOG PUMPS,

and all kinds of WOODEN TURNING, corner of FIRST and THIRD Sts., Allegheny City. Orders will promptly attended to. Repairing done on the shortest notice.

NEW STORE.

M. H. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

Ice Cream Saloon and Ladies' Ordinary.

No. 202 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Fornastic and Liberty.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOUDOUN HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

GUILEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

F. ARTOS,

MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING

DRAFTSMAN.

Office—Cor. Fifth & Market Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FIRE SCREENS

OF A NEW STYLE.

On canvas, with oil paintings and gold and velvet frames, at

207 MARKET STREET.

JNO. R. HUGHES & BRO.

JACOB WEAVER JR. & CO.,

General Patent Agency,

oct8:97 No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRICK YARD FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED will sell ALL or ONE HALF OF A BRICK YARD, to any person wishing to engage in the business. The yard is new, with all the modern improvements. Lease runs ten years.

ADDRESS,
F. T. C.,
ALLEGHENY P. O.

N. B.—None need apply but those who mean business. oct:22

NEW FALL GOODS!

Paris Poplin Reps;
Irish Poplins;
Paris Plaid Poplins;
Silk Epinglines;
French Merinos;
Mous de Laines;
Superior Black Silks;
Lyons Velvets;
Domestic Goods, &c.;

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

JOHN PORTER,

91 MARKET STREET.
oct:178

51 FIFTH STREET.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS

HAVE ON HAND

THE FALL STYLES OF

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CRUMB CLOTHS; Wide FELTING & DRUGGETS; TOILANES, a superior article of Table Covering; an extra quality of RAG CARPETS, LIST and YARN CARPETS.

McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street,
Between Smithfield and Wood Sts.
oct

STANDARD LITERATURE.

FINE LIBRARY EDITIONS.

IRVING'S Works, complete. 15 vols.
IRVING'S Life and Letters, nonpareil edition. 4 vols.
HOOD'S choice Works. Aldine Ed. 6 vols.
HORACE WALPOLE'S Works. 6 vols.
COOPER'S Complete Works. Library edition. 32 vols.
The WAVERLY NOVELS. Household edition. 12 vols.
The WAVERLY NOVELS. Illustrated edition. 12 vols.
BURKE'S Complete Works. New and Revised edition. 12 vols.
CARLYLE'S Critical and Miscellaneous Works. 4 vols.
DICKENS' Works. Illustrated. Household edition. 15 vols.
DICKENS' Works. Illustrated. Riverside edition.
DICKENS' Works. Diamond edition. Illustrated and plain.
DICKENS' Works. Globe edition.
DICKENS' Works. Illustrated. Mrs. Dickens' edition.
PLUTARCH'S LIVES. Library Ed. 4 vols.
THE SPECTATOR. Library Ed. 4 vols.
ADDISON'S Complete Works. 6 vols.
HALLAM'S Historical Works. 10 vols.
MACAULEY'S Historical Works. 5 vols.
SHAKESPEARE. Rolfe & White's Ed. 11 vols.
SPARK'S American Biography. 25 vols.
MILMAN'S History of Christianity. 3 vols.
MILMAN'S History of the Jews. 3 vols.
BULWER'S Novels. The Library edition.
HAWTHORNE'S Novels and Tales. 6 vols.
LONGFELLOW'S Prose and Poetical Works. Uniform edition.
LONGFELLOW'S Poems. 2 vols. Royal 8vo.
D'ISRAELI'S Curiosities of Literature. 4 vols.
D'ISRAELI'S Amenities of Literature. 3 vols.

In addition to the above we have on hand a fine stock of Miscellaneous Books in the various departments of Literature. Orders by mail will meet our prompt attention.

KAY & COMPANY,

65 Wood Street,

oct:9 (LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)

SWORD'S SELF-TEMPERING STEAM POWER BRICK MACHINE,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE AND BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.

This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking necessary for "soft mud" machines,) and tempers it thoroughly, pressing it in steel moulds, brick stiff enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For the above reasons, hard, clear, bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true wall, there are no brick like wheel brick. The cost of making here by this machine is from 95 cents to $1.10 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel, and in the best style for strength and durability, and is now in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,

230 LIBERTY ST., 2d Story,

Near the Union R. R. Depot.
oct:6:NWF PITTSBURGH, PA.

FALL STOCK OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

Now in Store, a Large and Complete Assortment of

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

FOR THE FALL SEASON. New styles and low prices. Call and examine, at

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

GRAY & LOGAN.
oct

ROMER C. DRAVO.....CHARLES DONNELLY.

GREENWOOD FOUNDRY.

DRAVO & DONNELLY,

Jobbing and Machinery Castings,

Light or heavy, of either Malleable or Grey Iron, of all patterns, sizes and styles, suited to every purpose, made to order.

Office, 250 Liberty Street,

sept:20 (Academy of Music Building.)

JUST RECEIVED, AT ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH,

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Meat Safes, Water Coolers, Sleep Lockers, and a full line of House-furnishing Goods. Also, manufacturers of TIMMERMAN'S PATENT COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. feb:6:NWF

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER.

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 104 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.
sept:30

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS.
WINDOW SHADES.
GREEN OIL CLOTH.
(For Window Shades.)
And EAGLE OIL CLOTHS.

In every variety of quality and styles. Wholesale & retail buyers will find it to their advantage to see our stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Warerooms, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

J. & R. PHILLIPS,
sept7 Manufacturers and Dealers.

UNION ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY,

WM. M. JOHNSTON,

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, 4-CHES, GRATES, FENDERS, ASH WRIGHTS, and all kinds of HOLLOW WARE, CAR WHEELS and all kinds of MACHINERY CASTINGS, corner of WATSON and IRWIN STREETS, foot of Fifth street extension, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new. sept7:66

THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER, with Clog Wheels and the patent "Stop Gear," (FRANCE JUDD, editor of the *American Agriculturist* says: "It is, in reality, a clothes *saver*, a time *saver* and a *strength saver*. We think the machine more than *pays for itself* every year, in the saving of garments." Call and get a pamphlet of prices, &c., concerning it. For sale at 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

A. B. ENGLISH & CO.,
Sole agents for this county.

A. B. ENGLISH & CO.,

No. 98 *Fourth Street,*

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DAN'S ARITHMETIC, BUSTIN'S GRAMMAR AND COMPANY'S SCHOOL BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. oct8

HAZARD POWDER.

A. MIER,
172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.
oct:30

ALLEGHENY

GROCERY AND PROVISION COMPANY.

JOHN A. McGRAW, President,

J. P. ISRAEL, Secretary.

The Stock of this Company is already nearly bought up. Those wishing to avail themselves of its benefits, had better

APPLY AT ONCE.

At 26 Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
oct:26

WASHINGTON MILLS,

Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CRUFFED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped and Corn shelled, on short notice.
oct:14

R. F. GETTY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Choice Wines and Liquors,

NO. 88 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND
an20 Allegheny City, Pa.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Pennies and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

115 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. jn3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT 10 CENTS,

Five cases Fast Colored Prints.

AT 12½ CENTS,

Five cases Beautiful Styles Fast Colored Ginghams,

AT 25 CENTS,

Two cases French Merinos, all shades.

AT 25 CENTS,

Two cases Heavy Grey Twilled Flannels, a good bargain.

Water Proof Cloth, very cheap.
Heavy Barred Flannels, a good bargain.
Heavy Country Blankets.
Grey Blankets and Coverlets, very cheap.
Poplin Stripes and Plaids.
Ladies' and Misses' Balmorals.
Table Linens.
Towels and Towelings.
Shirt Fronts, Notions, &c., &c.

AT VERY LOW PRICES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
STATE FAIR.
STRANGERS VISITING THE STATE FAIR will find at
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,
No. 19 Fifth Street,
Splendid Stock of Fresh Goods,
AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
New Dress and Cloak TRIMMINGS.
Super Trimming and Bonnet RIBBONS.
New styles of GLOVES and HOSIERY.
CORSOLETTES, of all kinds.
Bargains in LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
The new "GLOVE FITTING CORSET."
HAIR PLAITS & WATERFALLS, new style.
Evening SHAWLS and CIRCULARS, new.
A NEW LOT OF
FASHIONABLE JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.
The "Star Shirt,"
Suspenders, Ties,
and a complete line of FALL AND WINTER
UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS.
We have just opened a choice line of
Fancy Articles and Notions,
which we offer to CASH BUYERS at EASTERN PRICES. Another lot of those superior made
Ladies' Promenade Satchels and Traveling Bags
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
No. 19 Fifth Street.
1867. 1867.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
SECOND ARRIVAL AT
78 AND 80 MARKET STREET.
VELVET RIBBONS, every width and shade.
PIECE VELVETS, every color—Satins & Silks.
Latest styles Bugle Trimmings and Buttons.
Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons.
EMBROIDERIES, of every description.
LACES, Real Point, Applique and Valencia.
HANDKERCHIEFS, Lace, Embroidered, Hem stitched and Plain.
HOSIERY, a fine assortment.
50 dozen more of those TUCKED HANDKERCHIEFS, at 25 cents.
Great variety of Fall and Winter styles in
HOSIERY AND GLOVES!
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear.
Hand Knit and Woven ZEPHYR GOODS, in hoods, Sacques, Circulars, Sontags, Scarfs, &c.
Fine assortment of Pocket Books, Port Monnaies, Ladies' Satchels, Gent's Leather Travelling Bags, &c.
A full line Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Undershirts and Drawers, Traveling Shirts, Collars, Bows, Ties, Scarfs, Suspenders, &c.
Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Balmoral Skirts,
AND A FULL LINE OF NOTIONS GENERALLY.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
JUST RECEIVED,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,
No. 87 Market Street.
Silk Warp Poplins, Corded Poplins;
Ottoman Rops, Velvet Cords;
Empress Cloths, Poplin Merinos;
Velvet Dress Chains, Barathea Cloths;
French Merinos, Black Bombazines;
Black Empress, Black Merinos;
Black Alpaccas, Black Mohairs;
Black Silk Lustres, Black Poplin Reps;
Black Corded Jeans, Black Corded Reps;
Alexandria Poplins,
AND A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW DRESS GOODS,
VERY CHEAP.
French Merinos for $1 00, cheap at $1.25.
French Merinos for $1.25, cheap at $1.50, all new shades and very fine goods.
Black and Colored Alpacas, from 50c. per yard and upwards.
NEW GOODS.
AT
DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,
We are now receiving our
FALL GOODS,
To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.
DENNISON & HECKERT.
NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.
CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
COAL, COKE, &c.
PITTSBURGH NATIONAL
COAL & COKE COMPANY.
Miners, shippers and dealers, wholesale and retail, in the
BEST FAMILY COAL,
NUT COAL AND SLACK.
Office and Yard—Corner FOURTH AND THE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
All orders for delivery in the city, or shipment west, will meet prompt and immediate attention. R. A. SCHMERTZ, Superintendent.
BEST FAMILY COAL
Always on hand and delivered promptly to order,
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY
OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,
Cor. Sandusky Street and P. R. V. & C. Railway,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Anthracite Coal furnished at the lowest rates.
WM. M. CLANEY, ... WARDING CLEMENS,
R. N. HUNTSMAN, ... J. L. MILLER.
WM. M. CLANEY, & CO.,
Gas Coal Works,
Shippers and dealers in SUPERIOR GAS AND FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK. Pork-house wharf, BOX 287, Pittsburgh, and LOCK BOX 57 Allegheny City.
GENERAL OFFICE, second story Pittsburgh Saving Bank Building, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. BRANCH OFFICES: No. 5 Liberty street, Under Penn's R. R., opposite Mechanic street, Pittsburgh, and corner Ferry street and P. V. & C. R. R., Allegheny. All orders left at either of the above places will receive prompt attention. [ja14:y8
COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,
Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,
At the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.
POST PITT COAL COMPANY
Shippers and dealers in Superior Family and Steam Coal, Nut Coal and Slack, general office second story Pittsburgh Savings Bank Building, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley. Branch office, corner Try and Third streets, Pittsburgh. Orders left at either of the above places will receive prompt attention.
Post Office Address Box 587, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTORS:
J. J. GILLESPIE, Pres't. | S. L. FANNESTOCK, | WM. BINNEART,
GEORGE S. HEAD, | JAS. MONTGOMERY,
WALTER BEYARD, | JOHN HAYS.
LOCKE SWOOD, Secretary.
J. J. GILLESPIE, Pres't. | S. H. ENGLISH, Sec'y.
S. HAYNES, Treasurer.
W. H. CLANEY & CO., Managers.
CHARLES B. ARMSTRONG,
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE COAL
And Manufacturer of
Coal, Slacks, and Steam Pulverized Coke
OFFICE AND YARD,
Corner of Butler and Morton; first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No 4, Pittsburgh.
Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.
Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.
TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.
JOHN MEGRAW,
Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,
43 HAND STREET,
A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Cigarettes always on hand.
EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.
No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON
Proprietors of the
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
Manufacturers of
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, GLUE LEAD,
McCOY'S PREMIUM GREEN,
And all colors dry or in oil.
Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Robinson Street and 65, 81 and 83 Locust Street, Allegheny.
MERCHANT TAILORS.
HENRY G. HALE,
Merchant Tailor,
Cor. Penn and St. Clair Streets,
Takes great pleasure of informing his customers and the public in general that his stock of
FALL AND WINTER
GOODS,
Is Now Complete.
FALL STOCK
OF
Boys', Youth's and Children's
CLOTHING,
Now Receiving by
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 47 St. Clair Street.
THIRD ARRIVAL OF SUMMER GOODS, at
E. HOUSTON & CO'S.
Fashionable Merchant Tailors, and dealers in GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, No. 101 FIFTH ST.
All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.
Prices very reasonable and to suit the times.
ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.
WILLIAMSON'S
DINING ROOMS,
No. 36 Market St.,
(Between Second and Third Streets,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.
LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.
J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.
The highest market price paid for all kinds of cabbage.
SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best
ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES,
CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,
At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by
JULIUS RICHTER
No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.
PAINTERS.
WM. BY COULTER ..... JOHN LAND.
COULTER & LAND,
House and Sign Painters,
No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,
(Opposite Cathedral.)
GLASS CARDS done to order.
W. R. ROWLAND ..... W. M. HARRIS.
ROWLAND & HARRIS,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
CALCIMINING done in the best manner.
J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,
House and Sign Painter,
No. 138 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,
Graining, Glazing and Gilding
NEATLY EXECUTED.
MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c.
P. R. HUTCHINSON ..... R. J. HEPBURN.
HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,
GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,
No. 26 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
All orders by mail promptly attended to.
REMOVAL.
JOHN F. CLULEY,
House and Sign Painter,
Has removed to
No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Opposite the old stand.
ROBERT M'COWAN ..... JNO. SNYDER.
McCOWAN & SNYDER,
HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.
No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.
Commercial and glass signs made to order.
Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand.
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.
WM. J. DICK,
Carpenter and Builder,
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Between Liberty and Ferry streets,
Orders promptly attended to.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

This Court met Thursday morning, at ten o'clock. The following business was transacted:

VERDICT.

The jury in the case of John Wilson, tried on Wednesday, on a charge of felonious assault and battery, in stabbing officer Cotton of the night police, returned a verdict of guilty of unlawful cutting. A motion for a new trial was made and reasons filed.

ALLEGED AGGRAVATED ASSAULT.

Frederick Altner was arraigned on an indictment for aggravated assault and battery. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and directed that the prosecutor, Richard Bonig, pay the costs.

SELLING ON SUNDAY.

Wm. Woodman was indicted for selling liquor on Sunday. The jury found a verdict of not guilty and directed the prosecutor to give security for the payment of the costs, and in default he was committed to jail.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEES ON TRIAL.

C. H. Parker, F. Devin, George Whaley and Jacob Brown, the former conductor, and the others employees in charge of engines on the Johnstown accommodation train, were placed on trial, on a charge of aggravated assault and battery on John Dalton. It appears that on the 31st of August last, when the train going East stopped at Braddock's Fields, a party of men, some of whom were under the influence of liquor, took passage in the cars. They resided at Irwin's station, and had been attending a funeral. Shortly after the train moved off a disturbance arose and Conductor Parker, with the assistance of some of the employees, ejected the man who caused the most turbulent. Those who remained on board objected to the proceeding, and threatened vengeance on the whole party. The disorder again commenced, and Dalton was taken for one of the disorderlies and forcibly ejected, by which he was severely injured. For the prosecution it was claimed that although Dalton got on the train with the party at Braddock's, he was in no way connected with the disorder, but was conducting himself in a proper manner. The defence claimed, and called witnesses to establish the allegation, that Dalton was the disorderly, and that no more force than was absolutely necessary was employed in ejecting him. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, but directed that defendants should pay the costs.

DRIVING A HORSE TO DEATH.

John B. Wills was tried on an indictment for misdemeanor, under the livery statute, in driving a horse to death. The prosecutor, Isaac Charles, livery stable keeper in Allegheny City, testified that he hired defendant a horse on the morning of the 6th of July last; the horse was returned in the evening, in an exhausted condition, scarcely able to walk, and died in about an hour; the horse was six or seven years old, and worth two hundred and fifty dollars. The horse had been whipped, and there were large welts on his sides. Defendant said he had not urged the horse, but afterwards admitted that he had whipped him. Witness was not present when the horse was taken out. The horse was healthy, had not been sick in a period of three years.

Cross-examined—Judge the horse was healthy from having examined him on the night before the morning he was taken out.

Col. Alex. Hilands testified he was present at Mr. Charles' stable, on the evening of the 6th of July, and saw the horses when brought in by defendant; the animal appeared to be suffering from overdriving or disease, and the remark was made that he was as good as a dead horse.

John Byers, colored, stableman for Mr. Charles, testified that he gave the horse to defendant; the horse was well and in good condition when taken out.

Dr. Bates, veterinary surgeon, called to attend the horse, testified that he found him suffering from violent pain in the bowels and covered with cold perspiration, which might be produced by various causes; could not say that the horse was overheated.

Mr. Harris, counsel for the defense, testified he was prepared to make out a clear case of innocence.

Archibald Hazlett testified that he saw the defendant, with his wife and two children, start from Allegheny in a buggy, in the morning, on a day early in July, on the day on which Mr. Charles' horse died.

John F. Dickey, Jr., testified that Mr. Dickey came to his father's place, near Hexerstown, in a buggy, with his wife and children, about eleven o'clock on the 6th of July; witness took the horse out of the buggy, gave him water, and fed him, in the stable; witness hitched up the horse in the afternoon, and defendant left about five o'clock, alone.

John Dickey, Sr., and William Dickey corroborate previous witness. The case was not concluded at adjournment.

Common Pleas—Judge Mellon.

The Shaw case was resumed yesterday (in the District Court room) and concluded about half-past two o'clock, when the jury retired. No verdict at adjournment.

[Before Judge Stowe.]

John Stoeffel vs. the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company. On the 8th of May, 1866, the wife and child of plaintiff were killed near Glendale station, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, by a Cleveland and Pittsburgh train. It was alleged by plaintiff that their death was caused by carelessness on the part of the employees of defendants, and this action is brought to recover damages, which are laid at ten thousand dollars. W. M. Marshall, Esq., for the plaintiff, and S. Schoyer, Jr., Esq., and W. S. C. Otis, Esq., of Cleveland, for defendants. The case proceeded for some time, when the Court ordered a non-suit to be entered.

Myer Hanauer vs. John Scott. Action for damages, alleged to have resulted from the improper or defective construction of a cellar well. On trial.

Following is the trial list for this day:

78. Andrews et al vs. Knowider.
84. Stewart vs. Stewart.
87. O'Hare vs. Dain & Pitcairn.
90. Reamer, assignee, &c., vs. Lamberton and Company.
92. Venn vs. Haid.
93. Bayer vs. Weiman.
98. Barrington vs. Koch.
101. Hines vs. Eberle et al.
104. Porter vs. Coal Bluff Mining Co.
105. McAllinder vs. McGlinn.

A Romantic Wedding—When and How it Took Place.

We witnessed a portion of the preliminary arrangements for a wedding yesterday, which took place at the county jail, and would perhaps have been compelled to witness the ceremony had it not been for the politeness of the attorney for the parties, who very considerately invited them into another room, thus relieving us from passing through the trying ordeal of seeing two persons in full life and being, and supposed to be of sound mind, commit matrimony. The history of the circumstances is as follows: It appears that for several months, perhaps years, for aught we know, Samuel Newman has been upon intimate terms with Miss Elizabeth L. Gallagher, a blooming Miss not long out of her "teens," and as we are informed through the politeness of the gentlemanly attorney who was engineering the matter, of a very respectable family. How long this intimacy existed we are not precisely informed, but from the circumstances surrounding the case, we are led to believe that it has existed for some months at least. The beginning of this intimacy is the old and oft repeated tale. They met, were introduced and became friends, and the friendship ripened into love—not an unnatural occurrence with persons of their ages, through whose youthful veins the warm current of life courses with lightning rapidity, causing them to act from impulse rather than reason. They loved, "not wisely, but too well," and it appears that the young man, under the influence of the charms of the fair young creature into whose affections he had wound himself, had promised to make her his bride—a promise he was loth to comply with, and could only be induced so to do by legal process, as the sequel will show. "In the course of human events" some things become necessary as well as others, and in this case it became necessary for a wedding to take place, and this fact was urged upon the young gentleman by the lady and her friends, but to no purpose. He refused to postpone the matter from time to time, until the young lady, seeing the necessity of the step, wisely concluded that "forbearance had ceased to be a virtue" in the case, and she forthwith took legal steps to compel her "gay deceiver" to comply with and put off repeated promise. A writ was issued from the court, upon which the tardy lover was arrested and conveyed to the office of Ald. where it required but a short time to convince him of the "error of his way," and gain his consent to a fulfillment of the promise before referred to. The young lady was sent for, and in a few moments the preliminaries were arranged. Alderman Nicholson was summoned, and was about to proceed with the ceremony in the Warden's private office, when the gentlemanly attorney, to whom we have before alluded, interfered and had the party quietly transferred from our presence to the parlor on the opposite side of the corridor, and was kind enough not to request our presence at the ceremony, therefore sparing us from the embarrassment consequent upon such occasions. The loving pair, after defraying the expenses, quietly took their departure. May they never be less happy through life.

Police Items.

LARCENY.

August M. Yost made information before Alderman Taylor yesterday against Joseph Helbling, charging him with larceny. He alleges that the accused did steal and carry away a watch and chain valued at ten dollars, and a pair of pants of the value of nine dollars. The parties reside in the Fifth ward. Helbling was arrested and held for a hearing.

HAD A HEARING.

Hiram Daily, the man who was arrested in Allegheny a few days since, on suspicion of having stolen a horse and buggy, which he sold for about one half their value, the particulars of which we published Wednesday, had a hearing before Mayor Morrison yesterday, on oath of Binemart Black, and in default of five hundred dollars bail was committed for court.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Lisella Evans had a hearing yesterday before Alderman McMasters, for surety of the peace, on oath of Jeremiah Cooper, and was in default of bail committed for Court.

William Smith, charged on oath of E. K. Rogers, before Alderman McMasters, with abusing a horse hired from the deponent, contrary to act of Assembly, had a hearing and was committed to jail in default of the required bail to answer the charge at Court.

James Sinclair, charged on oath of his wife, Mary Sinclair, with deserting and abandoning her, had a hearing before Alderman Mullen yesterday, and was committed to jail in default of bail to answer the charge at Court.

DISORDERLY HOUSES.

Christian Miner made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against John Denning, charging him with keeping a disorderly house. The parties reside in the Ninth ward. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER.

Joanna McGraw made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, against Wm. M. Eckert, charging him with forcible entry and detainer. She alleges that she rented two rooms from the accused in a house on Pennsylvania avenue, and that he had delivered the keys of the same into her possession. She had removed a portion of her household goods into the rooms and locked the doors, and while after the remainder the door was broken open by Eckert and her goods thrown into the street; and that he held forcible possession of the rooms. He was arrested and held in the sum of five hundred dollars for a hearing to-day.

FALSE PRETENSES.

J. McDowell made information before Alderman McMasters against James Kennedy, charging him with obtaining goods under false pretenses. He alleges that the defendant obtained goods and merchandize of him to the amount of $57,77, by representing that he had money coming to him from his employers. The accused was held for a hearing. There is about as much chance to convict the man in the moon of false pretenses for reflecting borrowed light, as there is of a conviction in cases such as the above, yet they will be entertained.

Installation of Officers.—At a meeting of the Allegheny County Soldiers' League, held on Tuesday evening, the following officers, who were elected at a previous meeting, were duly installed: President—Alex. P. Callow; Vice President—Abraham Patterson; Secretary—John S. Nichol; Assistant Secretary—Robert McIlwaine; Corresponding Secretary—Joseph R. Oxley; Treasurer—James T. Sample; Trustees—John S. Bolgar, Thomas McC. Bennet, W. J. McGratty; Sergeant-at-Arms—Andrew Robinson.

☞ Additional Local Matters on First Page.

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Bell, M.D., N. Y. Howe, M.D., Boston.
Bleeden, M.D., Reading. Hull, M.D.
Bogle, M.D., N. Y. Lewenthal, M.D., N. Y.
Buck, M.D., Fayette. Mackie, M.D., N. Y.
Calme, M.D., Redwing. Mitchell, M.D.,
Carter, M.D., N. Y. Mildred, M.D., N. Y.
Crane, M.D., Elizabeth Newman, M.D., N. Y.
Cleveland, M.D., N. Y. Nichols, M.D., N. Y.
Cloke, M.D., Newburg. Reigert, M.D., Brooklyn
Cook, M.D., N. Y. Rapperect, M.D., N. Y.
Comstock, M.D., St Louis Schaffer, M.D., Brooklyn
Cory, M.D., Brooklyn Schaffer, M.D., Brooklyn
Cook, M.D., Perrysville Schmeltz, M.D., N. Y.
Crane, M.D., N. Y. Sherlive, M.D., N. Y.
Crane, M.D., Elizabeth Schenking, M.D., Wash.
Dilthy, M.D., Wilmsburg Stevens, M.D., N. Y.
Elliott, M.D., N. Y. Stitzer, M.D., Wurg
Fresch, M.D., N. Y. Teller, M.D., N. Y.
Fresch, M.D., N. Y. Tomeson, M.D., N. Y.
Gardner, M.D., Brooklyn Tostar, M.D., N. Y.
Goodwin, M.D., N. Y. Van Steen, Albany
Gordon, M.D., Elizabeth Vaughan, M.D., N. Y.
Goulard, M.D., N. Y. Warner, M.D., N. Y.
Hall, M.D., Brooklyn Wescott, M.D., N. Y.
Hart, M.D., N. Britain, Wescott, M.D., N. Y.
Hark, M.D., N. Y. Wescott, M.D., Elizab'th
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

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OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, October 3, 1867. }

Gold opened at 144⅝, advanced to 145, declined to 144⅛, on the strength of an improvement of Five Twenty bonds in London, but subsequently the rate advanced to 145⅝, under larger orders to buy. Very few imagine the true cause of the rise and labor under a belief that the Government will prevent a grand rise by selling the surplus; the very movements of the Treasury during the last two weeks shows that the officials in Washington well informed on the European money markets, and are fully aware that from that quarter we have to fear more than from all party victories in Pennsylvania or elsewhere. The movements of foreign bankers in the Atlantic cities during the last three weeks have been to sell bonds or ship to Europe to draw against, and have the gold ready at any moment; exchange, therefore, was a drug in the market, and selling from ¾ to 1 per cent. below the gold shipping points. Bonds are lower, especially Consols and 1867's. The stock market is excited and higher on all the leading shares. Mining shares are dull and lower.

The confidence we expressed in June last in the future productiveness of the Triumph Oil Company and the appreciation of its stock, has been fully justified. The stock, which was then unsalable at 80 per cent., is now sought after at par. The Company advertises its 10-day its fourth regular monthly dividend of 5 per cent., retaining a considerable fund in the Treasury for contingencies.

Closing New York quotations received by Ph. K. Morris, were as follows:

U.S. 6's, 1881	110¾
" 5-20s, 1862	110¾
" " 1865	108¾
" " 1867	107½
" 10-40s	98¾
" Consols	93¾
June 7-30s	106¼
July 7-30s	106¼
Dec. Compounds, 1864	104½
Gold	144⅛
Silver	137¾

CENTRAL BLUE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, October 3, 1867. }

CATTLE.

SHIPMENTS OF STOCK EAST.

The shipments of stock East during the week ending October 1st, were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Philadelphia	1246	4285	2808
N. Y. via Phila.	134	450	456
N. Y. via Allentown	2159	12,123	1462
Baltimore	20	3 0	
Way Stations	1873	619	1907
Totals	5099	16,502	7,727
Last week	7660	13,677	5,695

The arrivals of cattle were again light this week, comparatively speaking, though the supply of common and inferior stock was considerably in excess of the demand, and if anything, prices ruled a shade lower. Good fat cattle were scarce and in demand, and would have sold readily at extreme prices, but there were but very few of this kind in market. One or two small bunches of fairish cattle sold at from 7 to 7½c, gross, and we are congratulant of $80 having been offered and refused for a drove of extra Southern Ohio steers. This cannot be taken as an index of the market, as the like of the cattle above referred to are not to be seen everywhere or every day—the owners being unable to realize their price, *nine cents*, shipped to New York. For stock cattle, the demand is only moderate, but with diminished arrivals prices are sustained, ranging from 3½ to 5¼c, according to quality. Lancaster, Chester, and other adjoining counties in the eastern part of the State, evidently well filled up by this time, as the shipments from here have been very heavy for two or three months past. Fortunately for stock growers in that particular region, they have plenty of pasture and good crops generally.

SHEEP.

There was a firmer feeling in the Sheep market this week, and, under the influence of diminished arrivals, prices, especially for fat Sheep, ruled a shade higher. For common Sheep, the market is fully as hard as ever, and those who ship this kind of sheep may rest pretty well satisfied if they can realize enough to pay feed bills and cost of transportation. This class of sheep is worth more in the country almost anywhere, than here, and the sooner our country friends find this out the better. Prime fat sheep, suitable for retailing in the eastern markets, may be quoted at 4¼@5c, and medium at 4c.

Hedges & Taylor sold 71 head sheep, averaging 76 lbs, to Lloyd at 3½; 157 to Deitrich, common, at 3½; 112 to Pancoast, pretty good, at 4¼; 710 head Indiana fair quality, to Lloyd at 4½; 127 head to Pidcock at an average of 5½c.

Lloyd bought from Smith & Talmage 301 head, averaging 84, at 3¾; 188 from Hastings, averaging 90, at 4¾; 191 from Jaynes, averaging 91, at 4; 81 from Glass & Lafferty, averaging 86 at 3.45; 198 from Hedges & Taylor, averaging 84, at 3.15.

J. Kawl bought 199 head from Scotland, averaging 84 at 3.90; 100 from Goehren, averaging 90 at 4.85; 179 from Emmill, averaging 92, at 4¾; 288 from Jones, averaging 78, at 3.65.

Glass & Lafferty sold Pidcock 172 head, weighing 15,000, at 4; 473 head to Aull & Meyer, weighing 39,625, at 3¾.

HOGS.

The market was pretty active and somewhat excited during the early part of the week, but yesterday and to-day, under the influence of increased arrivals, there was a tamer feeling, and while there was no material change, the tendency nevertheless, seemed to be downward. New York Hogs sold from 6 to 6¼c, and Philadelphia Hogs brought 7 to 8c.

Gilchrist & Co. bought 84 head from Dalzell at 7½; 86 from Glass at 7.90, 122 from Glass & Lafferty at 7; 199 from Holmes at 8—extra hogs; 60 from Scott & Seely at 8; 181 from same at 7.40; 49 from Campbell at 7.70; 51 from Todd & Graham at 7.90; 19 from Casselman at 7.60; 260 from Stout at 8.

Hedges & Taylor sold 118 head to Messenger, Gillett & Co., good Yorkers, at 6¾; 167 head to Pidcock, light, at 5.90; 101 to same fair, at 6.85; 48 to Hallinan at 6¾; 56 to Pidcock, very common, at 5; 84 to same at 6.

Smith & Talmage sold 48 head to Halligan at 6¾.

Glass & Lafferty sold 101 head to Imhoff at 7.65; 118 to Messenger, Gillett & Co. at 6; 169 to Imhoff & Co. at 7.45; 21 to Stump & Co. at 6¼; 55 to Heck at 6¾; 144 to Halligan at 6.30; 12 do do at 6.80; 87 to Grouse, Emerick & Co. at 7¼; 417 to Harris at 6¾; 110 to Halligan at 6.75; 10 do do at 6.75; 76 to Hirsh at 6; 127 to Hirsh at 6½; 96 to Charles at 6.40.

T. F. Orr bought 121 head from Coulter at 6.40, 108 from Graham at 6.40; 193 from Keys at 6.30; 72 from Imhoff at 7.35; 91 from Zimmerman at 6¾.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Hedges & Taylor sold 27 head, common mixed, to Mooney & Co., at 3½; 18 head, same head to Moses, averaging 375, at 5.25; averaging 970, at 4¾; 55 to R. A. Thompson, stockers, averaging 670, at 4¼; to same buyer, at 7; 64 head to Mooney & Co. at 5—mixed cows and heifers.

Smith & Talmage sold 29 head stockers to Crouse & Emerick at 4¼; 76 to same at 4.50; 19 to P. Kimen, mixed, at 5.50; 8 head to Mayone & Co. at 4¾; 1 to same at 3; 10 to same at 4¾.

Scott & Martin 20 head light Southern Ohio steers, averaging 1150, to Smith & Mooney at 7—shipped ST CLOUD to New York—refused 8.90 for them here.

Glass & Lafferty sold 56 head to Peck & Co., weighing 54,000 lbs, at 7½; 24 head, weighing 24,000, at 6½; 20 to Whitmore, weighing 43,200, at 5½; 2 to Ash at 2.80; 25 to Aull & Co., weighing 17,150, at 3¾; 40 to Wilson, weighing 41,000, at 5¼; 21 to Ridgway, weighing 20,450, at 4¾; 3, weighing 3150, to McArdle, at 3; 70 to Rouin, weighing 72,100, at 6; 12 to Kahaugh, weighing 14,000, at 5½; 25 to Harvey, weighing 26,150, at 5¾; 11 to Pidcock, weighing 13,400, at 4¾; 40 to Fillman at 5.15.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 63 head light stockers at 4 @; 141 stockers to Harris & Toad, averaging 900, at 4.40; 77 to S. Moses, averaging 1012, at 4¾. Have 4 head from Durham heifers, which took the premium at State Fair, for sale.

Orenbaugh to Mooney 21 head at 5; Browning to Mooney 18 at 5.50; Rubinson & Greg sold 68 head to Grey & Hatlewood at 6¾—weighed 64,400. Campbell to Yoter 84 stockers at 4.50. Messenger, Gillett to Pidcock 24 at 4.10. Crouse, Emerick & Co. to Coffman 42 at 5¾. Messenger, Gillett to Pidcock 38 head at 5.10. Crouse, Emerick & Co. to same buyer, at 4¾.

Hedges & Co. to Coffman 17 head fairish cattle, weighing 21,875, at 6¾. Chapman to McArdle 20 bulls at 3. Mitchell to Mooney & Co. 34 at 4¼ to 4¾. Glass to Rader 16 fairish cattle at 6¼. Porter Heavy to Neel to Lavick 22 at 5. Turner to McGarvey 23 at 5.

Crouse, Emerick & Co. to Stewart 40 head good stockers at 5¾. Huffman to McArdle 18 at 6. Kiemen to Musselman 15 at 4. McFarland to Shriver, stockers, weighing 38,375, at 5. Calhoun to Henry 21 at 5¾. Swank to Hornshire 10 at 5¾.

Hedges & Maynes 17 head at 4¼ to 5. Todd to Musselman 10 at 4. Crouse, Emerick & Co. sold 6 to Diffenbaugh at 4; 20 to same at 4.25; 24 to Aull & Co. at 4.40; 19 to Todd at 5; 24 to Aull & Co. at 4.60; 20 to Foreman 4¾.

BUTTER.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, October 3, 1867. }

The general markets present no new characteristics worthy of special notice. While there is no excitement and no material improvement to note in the demand for any of the leading commodities, prices, generally speaking, are firm, for some articles tending upward.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and scarce, and good to choice Red may be quoted at $2.35@2.40. Oats less active, and prices are barely maintained, especially round lots of 1 car at 68c, and small sales at 70@75c. Sale of 1 car prime Yellow Corn at $1.30. Barley is unchanged at $1.20@1.30, and the same is true of Rye at $1.30@1.35. Sale of 1500 bushs Barley, on private terms.

GROCERIES—The market, since our last report, has been active, and we note a further advance in some articles. Sugars are decidedly higher, and the smallest stock in the country that there has been for ten years, we may expect still higher rates. Coffee is firm; prime and choice still being scarce. Syrups are very strong at our quotations. Rice dull and unchanged. Porto Rico Molasses very firm. Below we give the prices at which goods are selling:

COFFEE—Rio, choice, 27c; prime, 26½c; good, 25½c; fair, 24c; roasting, 23½@23c; Laguayra, 27¼@28c; Java, 37¼@38c.

SUGARS—Prime to choice Porto Rico, 14½c; good, 13½c; fair, 12¾@13c; Havana Boxes, 12¼@14c; Cuba, 12¾, 13¼, and 13¾ to 13¾c. Refined—Standard hard, 19¾@20c; "A," 18c; "B," 16¾c; Extra "C," 16¾c; "C" Yellow, 15¾c.

SYRUPS—Common, 80@90c; good, 95c; prime, 98@99c; strictly choice, $1.03; White Drips, $1.10.

RICE—Rangoon, 9¾@10¼c.

PORTO RICO MOLASSES—70@80c, according to quality.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 34; Pimento, 32c; Cassia, 70c; Nutmegs, $1.35@1.40; Cloves, 45c.

BI CARB—Soda, 8½c.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm, and while the demand is mainly local, prices are well maintained. We continue to quote at $10.25@10.75 for Spring Wheat; $11.25@11.75 for Winter Wheat; and $12@14 for fancy brands. Rye Flour unchanged at $8.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady and unchanged. We continue to quote at 14½@15c for Shoulders; 17@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 22c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 23c for Canvassed do. Lard cannot fairly be quoted above 14c, and Mess Pork is firm at 925.

SEEDS—Sale of 1 car of Flaxseed, to arrive, at $2.48. Timothy Seed is dull; selling in small way at $2.75. Cloverseed is dull and nominal at $8.50@9.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand for prime to choice fresh Butter, and the market may be quoted firm at 29@35c.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged at 29c@31 for fresh packed.

APPLES—Are coming in pretty freely, and prices are barely maintained, ranging from $3 to $4 per bbl.

HAY—Is quiet and unchanged—sales from country wagons at $18@20 per ton—mostly at $18@18.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 90c for No. 2, and $1.10 for No. 1.

CRANBERRIES—Sales reported at $4@5 per barrel.

POTATOES—There is a steady demand for prime New Jersey Sweets at $1.50@5 per barrel.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, October 3, 1867. }

CRUDE—The market was again moderately active to-day, the reported sales reaching over four thousand barrels, and prices, if anything, are a shade higher. The sales were: 2000 bbls on spot, gauged and delivered in tank, at 18¼c; 1000 do do at 14; 1000 at 13¾; 125 in bulk at 13¾; and 100, packages to be returned, at 13c. We now quote at 13¾@14c for spot oil; 12@12½c to be delivered on first water, 13@13½c for all 1867, buyer's options, and 12@12½c for same delivery, seller's option.

REFINED—There was not a single transaction in this market to-day, at least there were none reported, but there's a firm feeling, nevertheless, and prices are maintained. We quote at 26½c for October; 26¼@26½c for November; 26c for December; and 25¾@26c for the last three months. Reliable advices from Philadelphia state that the bull party have not abandoned their scheme of bringing about a "corner" this month, though they will not be able to make it on the 10th, the time it was generally supposed it would be attempted; and as a matter of course, if successful, spot oil will go much higher. The stock of refined oil in Philadelphia is put down at *ninety thousand barrels*, with vessels chartered for about forty-four thousand barrels.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY HUDSON'S DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil Co., 244 bbls refined to L. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

H. M. Long & Co., 50 do do to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

Fleming & Co., 500 do do, to L. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

Co. Es'ep, 100 do do, to Wilmington, Delaware.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, (25 bbls ref., to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockart & Frew, 281 do do, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 181 do do to P. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 145⅝.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 3, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money active and firm at 7 per cent. for call. Sterling dull and heavy at 109@109¼; gold for first class bills. Gold decidedly firmer, opening at 44⅞, declining to 44¾, and closing at 45⅜.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks ¼@¾ lower; Coupons 1881, 110¾; do, '62, 112¾; do, '64, 108½; do, '65, 106½; do, new, 107¼; do, '67, 107¼; Ten-Forties, 99¾; Seven-Thirties, 106⅝.

STOCKS.

Stocks unsettled under the news from Europe and the tightness in money. Closing prices: Canton, 43¾; Cumberland, 29@29½; Wells Express, 50; American, 57½; Adams, 62; United States, 39½; Merchants' Union, 24; Quicksilver, 35¾@36; Empire, 94@95; Pacific Mail, 140@140¾; Atlantic Mail, 112¾@113; Western Union Telegraph, 33½; New York Central, 101½@101¾; Erie, 64½; Hudson, 128¾; Reading, 101¾@101¾; Ohio Certificates, 26½; St. Paul, 48¾; do. preferred, 65¾; Michigan Central, 108@109; Michigan Southern, 81@81½; Illinois Central, 127¼@128¼; Pittsburgh, 79@80; Toledo, 127@128; Rock Island, 99½@101¾; Northwestern, 42¾@44¾; do. preferred, 56¾; Fort Wayne, 100@101; Missouri Sixes, 104½; Tennessee, new, 62¾.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares are heavy and lower; Gregory, 64; Canton, 39@39½; Quartz Hill, 150; Davidson, 150; Smith & Parmlee, 400; Lecroan, 55; Wallkill, 39@40; Eldorado, 365; Sensenderfer, 101.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts of the Sub-Treasury were $1,738,352. Payments, $8,003,346; Balance, $107,171,846.

The Assistant Treasurer is still buying seven-thirty notes. The payments to-day included this amount of over $1,000,000 to the State of Missouri on account of war claims.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 3—Cotton heavy at ½c lower; sales of 1,400 bales at 21½c for middling uplands. Flour active at 15@30c better; receipts were 18,148 barrels; sales of 16,000 barrels at $6.70@9.60 for superfine, state and western, and $13.75 for extra western, $10.50@13.50 for Round hoop Ohio; $11.25@16.40 for St. Louis, California, firm; 1,150 sacks and barrels at $11.50@13.50; sales of 475 barrels. Rye flour at $6.80@8.00. Whiskey quiet and steady; sales of 300 barrels on private terms. Receipts—wheat 76,375 bushels, active and excited at 4@8c better; sales of 157,700 bushels at $2.37@2.38 for No. 3 spring, and $2.31 for No. 2 spring to arrive, $2.37@2.40 for do. on the spot; $2.45 for No. 1 and 2 spring mixed; $2.40 for No. 1 spring; for winter, $3.00 for white Michigan; $2.65 for amber Tennessee; $3.00 for white California. Rye decidedly higher; sales of 11,000 bushels part western at $1.55@1.59 for amber Tennessee; $1.60 for white. Barley dull. Corn; receipts 153,331 bushels, opened very firm and closed decidedly lower, declining 134,000 bushels; $1.29@1.33 for mixed western in stores and afloat, $1.34@1.35 for yellow. 71,700 bushels active and 1@2c better; sales of 126,000 bushels at 73@76½c for Ohio and Chicago, including 5,000 bush, all this month, at 76½c. Coffee firm; sales of 2,500 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar very firm; sales of 1,200 hhds at 11¾@12¼c for Cuba and 12@13¾c for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet. Petroleum quiet at 14½c for crude and 33c for refined bonded. Hops quiet and unchanged. Pork heavy and drooping; sales of 1,200 bbls at $23.75@24 for prime. Beef unchanged; sales of 150 bbls at previous prices. Beef Hams nominal. Bacon steady; sales of 100 boxes city lee cured long clear at 12½c; do short clear at 14½c; 500 boxs western Cumberland Cut, D cequare at 13½c; 100 boxes do Cut Meats quiet; sales of 180 pkgs at 12½@13c for Shoulders, 16@16½c for Hams. Lard heavy; sales of 1,300 bbls at 18¾@18¾c; small lot sold at 18¾c for prime. Tallow quiet at 10@10¼c for Ohio. Cheese steady. Freights to Liverpool moderately active and firm, 30,000 bus wheat at 6½c per sail and 6¾c per steamer.

LATER.—Flour closed quiet and firm, particularly for medium and low grades. Wheat active and firm, at $2.31@2.33 for No. 2 and $2.40 for No. 1 spring, both to arrive. Rye firmer; sales of 2,000 bus at $1.56@1.57 for western. Oats unchanged at 75@76c for Ohio and Canada. Corn dull and heavy, at $1.32@1.33½ for good to prime mixed western, and $1.34@1.35 for white; sales of 30,000 bushels. Pork dull, with sellers of mess at $23.80, cash and regular, and buyers at $23.75. Beef nominal. Cut Meats quiet and heavy. Bacon unchanged, active and unchanged. Lard quiet, at 14¾@15c for fair to prime steam, and 16¾@17c for kettle rendered.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, Oct. 3.—Flour about 25c higher; sales of 1,500 bbls at $10@12 for Spring; $11.50 for Amber. Wheat very firm; sales of No. 1 Milwaukee early at $2.10@2.12; 7,200 bush do. No. 2 Chicago early at $2@2.05; 25,000 bush do. at $2.05; 7,500 bush No. 2 spring to arrive at $2.10; 38,000 bush Chicago No. 3 at $2.04@2.05 to arrive, closing firm. Corn dull and unsettled; sales of 7,000 bush Toledo and Western at $1.14@$1.15, and 16,000 bush No. 2 Western, closing firm. Oats active, closing active at 72c for Canada; 10,000 bushels Western to arrive at 68c; 28,000 do. on spot, and 75,000 do. at 63c. Rye market bare, and buyers would pay $1.40 for No. 1 Western. Barley unsettled and dull at little offering; 3,700 bush Canada per sample at $1.30. Meats and lard unchanged. Highwines unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 3,000 bbls; Corn, 102,000 bush; Oats, 74,000 bush; Barley, 4,000 bush; Rye, 12,000 bush. Shipments—Flour, 12,000 bbls; Wheat, 124,000 bush; Corn, 78,000 bush; Oats, 109,000 bush; Barley, 27,000 bush; Rye, 25,000 bush.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, October 3.—Tobacco is active, and low and medium grades are advanced ½@¾, but other grades are unchanged. Cotton at 18½c for low middlings. Nothing doing in Hemp. Flour dull, but business is small; superfine at $7.50@7.75; extra at $8.70 @8.75; double extra at $10.25@12.50; family at $14@14.25. Wheat firmer; No. 3 Red Winter at $2@2.50; red at $2.30@2.45; spring at $1.97@1.99 Corn firm at $1.05@1.07; yellow at $1.14@1.15. Oats dull and declined 1@2c; sales inactive at $1.17@1.18 for spring, and $1.75 for prime fall. Rye unchanged at $1.00@1.16. Provisions a little firmer but business light, having neither barge nor boat in port. Pork held at $24.50. Bacon; clear sides at 17¼@17¾c; shoulders at 14c; plain hams at 18½c. Lard quiet and firm at 18c for choice keg. Whisky nominal and nothing doing. Receipts: flour 7,285 bbls; wheat 4,000 bu; corn 2,134; oats 2,500; barley 1,000; rye 3,222 bush. Weather cloudy and cool with indications of rain.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, October 3.—Flour is firm, and better, with sales of double extra red winter at $11.35@11.75; double extra white, $12@12.75; treble extra, $13.35@13.75; country brands are irregular but firm. Wheat; the market is very firm, better; No. 2 red winter is held at $2.55; No 2 do $2.10@2.15; and No 1 Milwaukee spring at $2.15@2.18. Corn quiet and firm; unchanged but closed firm and nominally better; No 1 mixed is held at $1.08@1.09. Oats dull and quiet with light sales at 68c for No 2. Rye firm; sales of 1,000 bushels part western at $1.35@1.50 Barley; receipts good; the market is nominal. Petroleum; there is a firm feeling, but the market is unchanged; refined in bond, is held at 29@30c; prime light straw to white, 49c, and light straw, 47@48c.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, October 3.—Weather clear and cool. Flour active and 25@30c higher at $8.75@ 9.50 for spring extras. Wheat active and 3@6c higher, at $1.97@2.00 for No. 1, and $1.92@1.96 for No. 2, closing firm, at $1.99 for No. 1 spring, and $1.93 for No. 2 do. Corn firm and 1@1.05 for No. 1, and $1.03@1.04½ for No. 2. Oats active and 2c higher, at 58@58½c. Rye active and 5c higher, at $1.24@1.28 for No. 2. Barley active, at $1.24@1.27 for No. 2. Receipts—Flour, 6,000 bbls; Wheat, 78,000 bush. corn, 84,000 bush. oats, 50 bu delivered on first water, 13@13½c for all 1867, buyer's options, and 12@12½c for same delivery, seller's option.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegram to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, October 3.—Flour firm; receipts—4,161 bbls. Wheat very firm and advancing; receipts, 700 bushels; white amber 7c, No 1 spring and No 2 spring 7c better; sales—white Michigan at $2.75; Amber Michigan, $2.57@ $2.59, No 1 spring, $2.07, No 2 spring, $...0; sales amber for all October at $2.59; and $2.... bush; sales amber for November at $2.57@